=> d his full

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:05:06 ON 01 DEC 2005)

FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:05:20 ON 01 DEC 2005 L1 O SEA ABB=ON NINDFDED DEYVDN/SQSFP

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:05:44 ON 01 DEC 2005 L258109 SEA ABB=ON NINDFDED DEYVDN/SQSFP L3 27 SEA ABB=ON NINDFDED DEYVDN/SQSP L4ANALYZE L3 1- LC : 4 TERMS

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:07:04 ON 01 DEC 2005 D OUE L3 D RN CN SQL KWIC NTE L3 1-27

FILE 'CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 15:07:30 ON 01 DEC 2005 43 SEA ABB=ON L3

31 DUP REM L5 (12 DUPLICATES REMOVED) ANSWERS '1-22' FROM FILE CAPLUS ANSWERS '23-31' FROM FILE USPATFULL D IBIB ED ABS HITRN 1-31

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:08:17 ON 01 DEC 2005

FILE HOME

L5

L6

FILE LREGISTRY LREGISTRY IS A STATIC LEARNING FILE

NEW CAS INFORMATION USE POLICIES, ENTER HELP USAGETERMS FOR DETAILS.

FILE REGISTRY

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 29 NOV 2005 HIGHEST RN 868943-57-1 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 29 NOV 2005 HIGHEST RN 868943-57-1

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JULY 14, 2005

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

 * The CA roles and document type information have been removed from * * the IDE default display format and the ED field has been added, * effective March 20, 2005. A new display format, IDERL, is now st available and contains the CA role and document type information. st******************

Structure search iteration limits have been increased. See HELP SLIMITS for details.

Checked M 126-2005

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html

FILE CAPLUS

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 1 Dec 2005 VOL 143 ISS 23 FILE LAST UPDATED: 30 Nov 2005 (20051130/ED)

Effective October 17, 2005, revised CAS Information Use Policies apply. They are available for your review at:

http://www.cas.org/infopolicy.html

FILE TOXCENTER

FILE COVERS 1907 TO 29 Nov 2005 (20051129/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TOXCENTER has been enhanced with new files segments and search fields. See HELP CONTENT for more information.

TOXCENTER thesauri in the /CN, /CT, and /MN fields incorporate the MeSH 2005 vocabulary. See http://www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/techbull/nd04/nd04 mesh.html for a description of changes.

FILE USPATFULL

FILE COVERS 1971 TO PATENT PUBLICATION DATE: 1 Dec 2005 (20051201/PD)
FILE LAST UPDATED: 1 Dec 2005 (20051201/ED)
HIGHEST GRANTED PATENT NUMBER: US6971121
HIGHEST APPLICATION PUBLICATION NUMBER: US2005268363
CA INDEXING IS CURRENT THROUGH 1 Dec 2005 (20051201/UPCA)
ISSUE CLASS FIELDS (/INCL) CURRENT THROUGH: 1 Dec 2005 (20051201/PD)
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Oct 2005
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Oct 2005

>>> USPAT2 is now available. USPATFULL contains full text of the
>>> original, i.e., the earliest published granted patents or
>>> applications. USPAT2 contains full text of the latest US
>>> publications, starting in 2001, for the inventions covered in
>>> USPATFULL. A USPATFULL record contains not only the original

>>>	published document but also a list of any subsequent	<<
>>>	publications. The publication number, patent kind code, and	<<<
>>>	publication date for all the US publications for an invention	<<
>>>	are displayed in the PI (Patent Information) field of USPATFULL	<<
>>>	records and may be searched in standard search fields, e.g., /PN,	<<
>>>	/PK, etc.	<<
>>>	USPATFULL and USPAT2 can be accessed and searched together	<<<
>>>	through the new cluster USPATALL. Type FILE USPATALL to	<<<
>>>	enter this cluster.	<<<
>>>		<<<
>>>	Use USPATALL when searching terms such as patent assignees,	<<<
>>>	classifications, or claims, that may potentially change from	<<
>>>	the earliest to the latest publication.	<<<

=> fil reg; d que 13 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:07:04 ON 01 DEC 2005 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 29 NOV 2005 HIGHEST RN 868943-57-1 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 29 NOV 2005 HIGHEST RN 868943-57-1

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JULY 14, 2005

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Structure search iteration limits have been increased. See ${\tt HELP\ SLIMITS}$ for details.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html

L3 27 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON NINDFDED DEYVDN/SQSP

=> d rn cn sql kwic nte 13 1-27; fil capl toxcenter uspatf; s 13

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 859621-51-5 REGISTRY

CN L-Valine, L-methionyl-L-arginyl-L-valyl-L-lysyl-L-threonyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-valyl-L-isoleucyl-L-leucyl-L-cysteinyl-L-cysteinyl-L-alanyl-L-leucyl-L-glutaminyl-L-tyrosyl-L-valyl-L-alanyl-L-tyrosyl-L-threonyl-L-asparaginyl-L-alanyl-L-asparaginyl-L-asparaginyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-asparaginyl-L- α -aspartyl-L-phenylalanyl-L- α -aspartyl-L- α -aspartyl-L-tyrosyl-L-phenylalanylglycyl-L-seryl-L- α -aspartyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 4: PN: WO2005068495 SEQID: 4 claimed protein

CN Fibroin (Bombyx mori H-chain N-terminal fragment)

SQL 35

SEQ 1 MRVKTFVILC CALQYVAYTN ANINDFDEDY FGSDV

========

HITS AT: 22-29

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 815501-68-9 REGISTRY

OTHER NAMES:

CN GenBank AAW54077

CN GenBank AAW54077 (Translated from: GenBank CP000029)

SQL 383

SEQ 201 TRRQFNRNAQ QQDSYNGITD NQPDEDTSSD OLYSDEYVDN EDKYSOFPKR

======

HITS AT: 235-240

RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK

L3 ANSWER 3 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 803823-77-0 REGISTRY

CN 11: PN: JP2004339189 PAGE: 9 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SQL 120

SEQ 1 MRVTAFVILC CALQYATANN LHHHDEYVDN HGQLVERFTT RKHYERNAAT

=====

HITS AT: 25-30

L3 ANSWER 4 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 803823-75-8 REGISTRY

CN 1: PN: JP2004339189 PAGE: 8 unclaimed sequence (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SOL 151

SEQ 1 MRVKTFVILC CALQYVAYTN ANINDFDEDY FGSDVTVQSS NTTDEIIRDA

======

HITS AT: 22-29

L3 ANSWER 5 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 775416-81-4 REGISTRY

CN Protein (Staphylococcus aureus clone WO2002086097-SEQID-5635) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 4656: PN: WO02086097 SEQID: 5635 claimed protein

SQL 2368

SEQ 1501 AAADKKTQIE QTPNASQQEI NDAKQEVDTE LNQAKTNIDQ SSTDEYVDNA

=====

HITS AT: 1544-1549

RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEOLINK

L3 ANSWER 6 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 714954-21-9 REGISTRY

CN L-Aspartic acid, L-asparaginyl-L-isoleucyl-L-asparaginyl-L- α -aspartyl-L-phenylalanyl-L- α -aspartyl-L- α -glutamyl- (9CI) (CA

INDEX NAME)

SQL 8

SEQ 1 NINDFDED

=======

HITS AT: 1-8

L3 ANSWER 7 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 672991-01-4 REGISTRY

CN Transcription-associated protein (Glycine max clone PAT MRT3847 89755C.1.pep fragment) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 2345: PN: US20040031072 SEQID: 274345 claimed protein

SQL 148

SEQ 51 EGGSKLDEYV DNCGPVTKSR DNIGEEMLLS HRSKEPGRNE LGDPLSTFAA

==== ==

HITS AT: 57-62

L3 ANSWER 8 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 660056-86-0 REGISTRY

CN Protein (Streptococcus pneumoniae strain 14453 clone US6699703-SEQID-4900 open reading frame-encoded) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 4900: PN: US6699703 SEQID: 4900 claimed protein

SQL 126

SEQ 51 PPLKVMLLLV HGALQQYEHG YSLEDVYDLY DEYVDNGGDQ TTFMTEVLMP

=====

HITS AT: 81-86

L3 ANSWER 9 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 604934-18-1 REGISTRY

CN Protein (Staphylococcus epidermidis strain ATCC12228 gene SE0801) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN GenBank AAO04398

CN GenBank AA004398 (Translated from: GenBank AE016746)

SQL 383

SEQ 201 TRRQFNRNAQ QQDSYNGITD NQPDEDTSSD QLYSDEYVDN EDKYSQFPKR

=====

HITS AT: 235-240

RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK

L3 ANSWER 10 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 483169-91-1 REGISTRY

CN GenBank CAA23432 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN GenBank CAA23432 (Translated from: GenBank V00094)

SQL 168

SEQ 1 MRVKTFVILV CALQYVAYTN ANINDFDEDY FGSDVTVQSS NTTDEIIRDA

=======

HITS AT: 22-29

L3 ANSWER 11 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 482997-73-9 REGISTRY

CN GenBank AAF78030 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN GenBank AAF78030 (Translated from: GenBank AF242774)

SQL 30

SEQ 1 MRVIAFVILC CALQYATAKN LRHHDEYVDN

======

HITS AT: 25-30

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**RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK**
```

L3 ANSWER 12 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 482255-67-4 REGISTRY

CN GenBank AAA27838 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN GenBank AAA27838 (Translated from: GenBank M24222)

SQL 178

SEQ 1 MRVKTFVILC CALQYVAYTN ANINDFDEDY FGSDVTVQSS NTTDEIIRDA

=======

HITS AT: 22-29

L3 ANSWER 13 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 482246-94-6 REGISTRY

CN GenBank CAA27612 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN GenBank CAA27612 (Translated from: GenBank X03973)

SQL 178

SEQ 1 MRVKTFVILV CALQYVAYTN ANINDFDEDY FGSDVTVOSS NTTDEIIRDA

======

HITS AT: 22-29

L3 ANSWER 14 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 469866-34-0 REGISTRY

CN L-Asparagine, L-methionyl-L-arginyl-L-valyl-L-isoleucyl-L-alanyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-valyl-L-isoleucyl-L-leucyl-L-cysteinyl-L-cysteinyl-L-alanyl-L-leucyl-L-glutaminyl-L-tyrosyl-L-alanyl-L-threonyl-L-alanyl-L-lysyl-L-asparaginyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-histidyl-L-histidyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-α-aspartyl-L-α-aspartyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Fibroin (Antheraea pernyi)

SQL 30

SEQ 1 MRVIAFVILC CALQYATAKN LRHHDEYVDN

======

HITS AT: 25-30

RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK

L3 ANSWER 15 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 467525-63-9 REGISTRY

CN Protein (Plasmodium falciparum strain 3D7 clone MAL4P2 gene PFD0380c) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN GenBank CAB62854

CN GenBank CAB62854 (Translated from: GenBank AL035475)

SQL 1629

SEQ 1151 MMVGTKDKKK NKKKKKKKNK NKNYNNNNN NKILEDDEYV DNIYYNNTNN

---- --

HITS AT: 1187-1192

L3 ANSWER 16 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 465605-62-3 REGISTRY

CN Protein (Plasmodium falciparum strain 3D7 gene PF14-0556) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN GenBank AAN37169

CN GenBank AAN37169 (Translated from: GenBank AE014825)

SQL 1338

SEQ 701 FNMNRNLPTF ADTLIIDEYV DNYWSENKLK NIDFRLFLQS WKVLNDCISF

======

HITS AT: 717-722

L3 ANSWER 17 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 465598-80-5 REGISTRY

CN Protein (Plasmodium falciparum strain 3D7 gene PFB0440c) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN GenBank AAC71877

CN GenBank AAC71877 (Translated from: GenBank AE001395)

SQL 587

SEQ 501 MSSRLREYEI LDDEYVDNIE CLNKYVSVLN TNDVNIMDDR ERECSDYSDE

=====

HITS AT: 513-518

L3 ANSWER 18 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 445314-07-8 REGISTRY

CN Antigen (Staphylococcus aureus clone ORF1381) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 566: PN: W002059148 SEQID: 576 claimed protein

SOL 383

SEQ 201 TRRQFNRNAQ QQDSYNGITD NQPDEDTSSD QLYSDEYVDN EDKYSQFPKR

=====

HITS AT: 235-240

RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK

L3 ANSWER 19 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 437954-61-5 REGISTRY

CN Essential protein (Staphylococcus aureus clone WO0170955-SEQID-12389) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 2355: PN: W00170955 SEQID: 12389 claimed protein

SQL 2368

SEQ 1501 AAADKKTQIE QTPNASQQEI NDAKQEVDTE LNQAKTNIDQ SSTDEYVDNA

=====

HITS AT: 1544-1549

RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK

L3 ANSWER 20 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 433270-43-0 REGISTRY

CN DNA (Staphylococcus aureus clone WO0170955-SEQID-8291 proliferation-associated gene) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 139: PN: WO0170955 SEQID: 8291 claimed protein

SQL 2368

SEQ 1501 AAADKKTQIE QTPNASQQEI NDAKQEVDTE LNOAKTNIDO SSTDEYVDNA

HITS AT: 1544-1549

RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK

ANSWER 21 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L3

421018-05-5 REGISTRY RN

Protein (Staphylococcus epidermidis strain 19804 clone US6380370-SEQID-3437 fragment) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER NAMES:

3094: PN: US6380370 SEQID: 3437 claimed protein

SQL 384

SEO 201 NTRROFNRNA OOODSYNGIT DNOPDEDTSS DOLYSDEYVD NEDKYSOFPK

=======

HITS AT: 236-241

ANSWER 22 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN 1.3

RN 404318-03-2 REGISTRY

CNFibroin (Antheraea yamamai) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN GenBank AAK83145

CNGenBank AAK83145 (Translated from: GenBank AF325500)

SQL 2655

1 MRVTAFVILC CALQYATANN LHHHDEYVDN HGQLVERFTT RKHYERNAAT SEO

HITS AT: 25-30

ANSWER 23 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L3

364143-92-0 REGISTRY

CN Protein (Staphylococcus aureus clone SAU102284 proliferation-associated fragment) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 4085: PN: WO0170955 SEQID: 5635 claimed protein

SQL 2368

1501 AAADKKTQIE QTPNASQQEI NDAKQEVDTE LNQAKTNIDO SSTDEYVDNA SEO

HITS AT: 1544-1549

RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK

L3 ANSWER 24 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 341040-34-4 REGISTRY

Protein (Streptococcus epidermidis clone contig 0755 pos 5604 4453) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 1026: PN: WO0134809 SEQID: 2426 claimed protein

SQL 383

201 TRRQFNRNAQ QQDSYNGITD NQPDEDTSSD QLYSDEYVDN EDKYSQFPKR SEO

HITS AT: 235-240

RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK

L3ANSWER 25 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 336885-96-2 REGISTRY

CN Fibroin (Antheraea pernyi clone AP2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER NAMES:

CN GenBank AAC32606

CN GenBank AAC32606 (Translated from: GenBank AF083334)

SQL 2639

SEQ 1 MRVIAFVILC CALQYATAKN LRHHDEYVDN HGQLVERFTT RKHFERNAAT

HITS AT: 25-30

ANSWER 26 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN 1.3

RN303229-60-9 REGISTRY

CN Fibroin (silkworm strain p50 heavy chain) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Fibroin (Bombyx mori strain p50 gene fib-H heavy chain)

CN GenBank AAF76983

CN GenBank AAF76983 (Translated from: GenBank AF226688)

SOL 5263

SEQ 1 MRVKTFVILC CALQYVAYTN ANINDFDEDY FGSDVTVQSS NTTDEIIRDA

HITS AT: 22-29

L3 ANSWER 27 OF 27 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 257896-67-6 REGISTRY

Chromatinic RING finger protein, DRING ortholog (Plasmodium falciparum gene PFB0440c) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN17: PN: WO0025728 SEQID: 87 claimed protein

Protein (Plasmodium falciparum clone p3D7 chromosome 2 gene PFB0440) CN

CN RING finger-containing protein (Plasmodium falciparum clone 3D7 gene PFB0440c)

.SQL 568

451 SSSDSSNSNQ NNYINFMYNK KGKDIIVPMT KMSSRLREYE ILDDEYVDNI SEQ

HITS AT: 494-499

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FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 15:07:30 ON 01 DEC 2005 CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

43 L3

=> dup rem 15

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L5

31 DUP REM L5 (12 DUPLICATES REMOVED) ANSWERS '1-22' FROM FILE CAPLUS

ANSWERS '23-31' FROM FILE USPATFULL

=> d ibib ed abs hitrn 1-31; fil hom

L5

ANSWER 1 OF 31 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1 T₁6

2005:326915 CAPLUS Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:330659

Insights on evolution of virulence and resistance from TITLE:

the complete genome analysis of an early

methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus strain and

a biofilm-producing methicillin-resistant

Streptococcus epidermidis strain

AUTHOR (S): Gill, Steven R.; Fouts, Derrick E.; Archer, Gordon L.;

Mongodin, Emmanuel F.; DeBoy, Robert T.; Ravel,

Jacques; Paulsen, Ian T.; Kolonay, James F.; Brinkac, Lauren; Beanan, Mauren; Dodson, Robert J.; Daugherty, Sean C.; Madupu, Ramana; Angiuoli, Samuel V.; Durkin,

A. Scott; Haft, Daniel H.; Vamathevan, Jessica;

Khouri, Hoda; Utterback, Terry; Lee, Chris; Dimitrov, George; Jiang, Lingxia; Qin, Haiying; Weidman, Jan; Tran, Kevin; Kang, Kathy; Hance, Ioana R.; Nelson,

Karen E.; Fraser, Claire M.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

The Institute for Genomic Research, Rockville, MD, USA SOURCE:

Journal of Bacteriology (2005), 187(7), 2426-2438

CODEN: JOBAAY; ISSN: 0021-9193

PUBLISHER: American Society for Microbiology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 18 Apr 2005

AΒ Staphylococcus aureus is an opportunistic pathogen and the major causative agent of numerous hospital- and community-acquired infections. Staphylococcus epidermidis has emerged as a causative agent of infections often associated with implanted medical devices. The .apprx.2.8-Mb genome of S. aureus COL, an early methicillin-resistant isolate, and the .apprx.2.6-Mb genome of S. epidermidis RP62a, a methicillin-resistant biofilm isolate, were sequenced. Comparative anal. of these and other staphylococcal genomes was used to explore the evolution of virulence and resistance between these two species. The S. aureus and S. epidermidis genomes are syntenic throughout their lengths and share a core set of 1681 open reading frames. Genome islands in nonsyntenic regions are the primary source of variations in pathogenicity and resistance. Gene transfer between staphylococci and low-GC-content gram-pos. bacteria appears to have shaped their virulence and resistance profiles. Integrated plasmids in S. epidermidis carry genes encoding resistance to cadmium and species-specific LPXTG surface proteins. A novel genome island encodes multiple phenol-soluble modulins, a potential S. epidermidis virulence factor. S. epidermidis contains the cap operon, encoding the polyglutamate capsule, a major virulence factor in Bacillus anthracis. Addnl. phenotypic differences are likely the result of single nucleotide polymorphisms, which are most numerous in cell envelope proteins. Overall differences in pathogenicity can be attributed to genome islands in S. aureus which encode enterotoxins, exotoxins, leukocidins, and leukotoxins not found in S. epidermidis.

TΤ 815501-68-9

> RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

(amino acid sequence; evolution of virulence and resistance based on complete genome anal. of methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus strain and biofilm-producing methicillin-resistant S. epidermidis strain)

REFERENCE COUNT: 54 THERE ARE 54 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:176539 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:176343

TITLE: Nucleic acid and amino acid sequences relating to

Streptococcus pneumoniae for diagnostics and

therapeutics

INVENTOR(S): Doucette-stamm, Lynn; Bush, David; Zeng, Qiandong;

Opperman, Timothy; Houseweart, Chad Eric

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Genome Therapeutics Corporation, USA

SOURCE: U.S., 301 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 107,433.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
				-		
US 6699703	В1	20040302	US 2000-583110	20000526		
US 6800744	B1	20041005	US 1998-107433	19980630		
US 2005136404	A1	20050623	US 2003-617320	20030710		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1997-51553P P	19970702		
			US 1998-85131P P	19980512		
			US 1998-107433 A2	19980630		

ED Entered STN: 04 Mar 2004

The invention provides isolated polypeptide and nucleic acid sequences derived from Streptococcus pneumoniae that are useful in diagnosis and therapy of pathol. conditions. Thus, 2661 genomic DNA sequences are provided from S. pneumoniae strain 14453 and analyzed for the presence of open reading frames comprising at least 180 nucleotides and the start codons. Antibodies against the polypeptides, and methods for the production of the polypeptides are provided, as well as methods for the detection, prevention and treatment of pathol. conditions resulting from bacterial infection.

IT 660056-86-0

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (amino acid sequence; nucleic acid and amino acid sequences relating to Streptococcus pneumoniae for diagnostics and therapeutics)

REFERENCE COUNT: 14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 3 OF 31 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:776159 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:271815

TITLE: Genome-based analysis of virulence genes in a

non-biofilm-forming Staphylococcus epidermidis strain

(ATCC 12228)

AUTHOR(S): Zhang, Yue-Qing; Ren, Shuang-Xi; Li, Hua-Lin; Wang,

Yong-Xiang; Fu, Gang; Yang, Jian; Qin, Zhi-Qiang; Miao, You-Gang; Wang, Wen-Yi; Chen, Run-Sheng; Shen, Yan; Chen, Zhu; Yuan, Zheng-Hong; Zhao, Guo-Ping; Qu,

Di; Danchin, Antoine; Wen, Yu-Mei

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratory of Medical Molecular Virology, Shanghai

Medical College, Fudan University, Shanghai, 200032,

Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Molecular Microbiology (2003), 49(6), 1577-1593

CODEN: MOMIEE; ISSN: 0950-382X

PUBLISHER: Blackwell Publishing Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 03 Oct 2003

AB Staphylococcus epidermidis strains are diverse in their pathogenicity; some are invasive and cause serious nosocomial infections, whereas others are nonpathogenic commensal organisms. To analyze the implications of different virulence factors in Staphylococcus epidermidis infections, the complete genome of Staphylococcus epidermidis strain ATCC 12228, a non-biofilm forming, non-infection associated strain used for detection of residual antibiotics in food products, was sequenced. This strain showed low virulence by mouse and rat exptl. infections. The genome consists of a single 2,499,279 bp chromosome and 6 plasmids. The chromosomal G + C content is 32.1% and 2419 protein coding sequences (CDS) are predicted, among which 230 are putative novel genes. Compared to the virulence factors in Staphylococcus aureus, aside from $\delta\text{-hemolysin}$ and $\beta\text{-hemolysin},$ other toxin genes were not found. In contrast, the majority of adhesin genes are intact in ATCC 12228. Most strikingly, the ica operon coding for the enzymes synthesizing interbacterial cellular polysaccharide is missing in ATCC 12228 and rearrangements of adjacent genes are shown. No mec genes, IS256, IS257, were found in ATCC 12228. It is suggested that the absence of the ica operon is a genetic marker in commensal Staphylococcus epidermidis strains which are less likely to become invasive.

IT 604934-18-1

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

(amino acid sequence; genome-based anal. of virulence genes in a non-biofilm-forming Staphylococcus epidermidis strain (ATCC 12228))

REFERENCE COUNT: 69 THERE ARE 69 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 4 OF 31 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 4

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:902756 CAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

Correction of: 2002:832949

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:343454

Correction of: 137:346147

TITLE:

Methods for identifying the target of a compound which

inhibits cellular proliferation

INVENTOR(S):

Carr, Grant J.; Xu, Howard H.; Foulkes, Gordon J.; Zamudio, Carlos; Haselbeck, Robert; Ohlsen, Kari L.; Zyskind, Judith W.; Wall, Daniel; Trawick, John D.; Yamamoto, Robert T.; Roemer, Terry; Jiang, Bo; Boone,

Charles; Bussey, Howard

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Elitra Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 640 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT	PATENT NO. KIND					DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE		
	-				-												
WO 2002	0860	97		A2		20021031			WO 2	002-	US39	87		2	20020208		
WO 2002086097 A3						2003	0306										
WO 2002086097 C1						2004	1125										
W :	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
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	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	
	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PH,	
	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	
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RW:	GH,	GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ŻW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,	
	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	

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GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,
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     CA 2436216
                          AA
                                20021031
                                            CA 2002-2436216
                                                                    20020208
     WO 2002086097
                          Α2
                                20021031
                                            WO 2002-XA3987
                                                                    20020208
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            AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
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             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
             PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
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             GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    WO 2002086097
                         A2
                                20021031
                                            WO 2002-XB3987
                                                                    20020208
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             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
             PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
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            GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    EP 1360335
                          A2
                                20031112
                                            EP 2002-728338
                                                                    20020208
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
    JP 2004528846
                         T2
                                20040924
                                            JP 2002-583612
                                                                    20020208
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 2001-267636P
                                                                Ρ
                                                                   20010209
                                            WO 2002-US3987
                                                                W
                                                                   20020208
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ED Entered STN: 29 Oct 2004

The invention relates to cultures or collections of strains which overexpress AB or underexpress gene products required for the proliferation of an organism. The invention also includes methods for identifying the target on which a compound which inhibits the proliferation of an organism acts and methods for identifying the extent to which a strain is present in a culture or collection of strains. Thus, a culture is obtained comrpising a plurality of strains wherein each strain overexpresses a different gene product which is essential for prolifeation. The culture is contacted with a sufficient concentration of an agent to inhibit th eproliferation of strains which do not overexpress the gene product on which the agent acts, such that strains which overexpress the gene product on which the agent acts proliferate more rapidly than strains which do not overexpress said gene product on which the agent acts. The gene product which is overexpressed in a strain which proliferates more rapidly in the culture is then identified. Expression levels of gene transcripts are determined using hybridization and/or amplification methods standard to the art. Genes required for cellular proliferation of microbial organisms are identified by antisense RNA technol. Nucleotide sequences are provided for nucleic acid fragments whose expression results in detrimental effects on proliferation of Escherichia coli, Staphylococcus aureus, Salmonella typhimurium, Klebsiella pneumoniae, Pseudomonas aeruginosa, or Enterococcus [This abstract record is one of three records for this document necessitated by the large number of index entries required to fully index the document and publication system constraints.].

IT 775416-81-4

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (amino acid sequence; target gene product identification for microbial cell proliferation-inhibiting compds.)

ANSWER 5 OF 31 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 5 L6

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:575103 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:168250

TITLE: Hyperimmune serum-reactive antigens derived from

> expression libraries for treating or preventing pathogen infection, cancer, allergy, and autoimmune

disease

INVENTOR(S): Meinke, Andreas; Nagy, Eszter; Von Ahsen, Uwe; Klade,

Christoph; Henics, Tamas; Zauner, Wolfgang; Minh, Duc

Bui; Vytvytska, Oresta; Etz, Hildegard; Dryla, Agnieszka; Weichhart, Thomas; Hafner, Martin;

Tempelmaier, Brigitte

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cistem Biotechnologies Gmbh, Austria; Intercell AG

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 252 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.					DATE					
		2002 2002								WO 2002-EP546					20020121				
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR.	BY.	BZ.	CA.	CH.	CN.	
												EE,							
												KG,							
												MW,							
												SL,							
									ZA,			- ,	•	,	,	,	,	,	
		RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ.	BY.	
												CY,							
												BF,							
									SN,			·	•	·	•	- •		,	
	ΑT	2001	0013	0		A5		2002	1215		AT 2	001-	130			2	0010	126	
	AT	4107	98			В		2003	0725										
	CA	2436	057			AA		2002	0801	(CA 2	002-	2436	057		2	0020	121	
	ΕP	1355	930			A2		2003	1029]	EP 2	002-	7166	69		2	0020	121	
	EP	1355	930						1109										
		R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
			ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR							
	BR	2002	0070	67		Α						002-					0020	121	
	JΡ	2004	5314	76		T2		2004	1014		JP 2	002-	5594	50		2	0020	121	
	ИО	2003	0033	54		Α		2003	0924]	NO 2	003-	3364			2	0030	725	
	ZA	2003	0057	54		Α		2004	0726	:	ZA 2	003-	5764			2	0030	725	
	US	2005	0374	44		A 1		2005	0217	Į	JS 2	004-4	47004	48		2	0040	206	
PRIO	RITY	APP:	LN. :	INFO	. :					7	AT 2	001-	130		1	A 2	0010	126	
										7	NO 2	002-1	EP54	5	ī	1 2	0020	121	
ED	Ent	ered	STN	: 02	2 Au	a 200)2												

ED Entered STN: 02 Aug 2002

AB Described is a method for identification, isolation and production of hyperimmune serum-reactive antigens from a specific pathogen, a tumor, an allergen or a tissue or host prone to autoimmunity that are suited for use as vaccines for treating related diseases in animals or humans. The method is characterized by providing an antibody preparation from a plasma pool of said given type of animal or from a human plasma pool or individual sera with antibodies against said specific pathogen, tumor, allergen or tissue or host prone to auto-immunity; providing at least one expression library of said specific pathogen, tumor, allergen or tissue or host prone to auto-immunity; screening said at least one expression library with said antibody preparation; identifying antigens which bind in said screening to antibodies in said antibody preparation; screening the identified antigens with individual antibody prepns. from individual sera from individuals with antibodies against said specific pathogen, tumor, allergen or tissue or host prone to auto-immunity; identifying the hyperimmune serum-reactive antigen portion of said identified antigens and which hyperimmune serum-reactive antigens bind to a relevant portion of said individual antibody prepns. from said individual sera; and optionally isolating said hyperimmune serum-reactive antigens and producing said hyperimmune serum-reactive antigens by chemical or recombinant methods.

IT 445314-07-8P

RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (amino acid sequence; hyperimmune serum-reactive antigens derived from expression libraries for treating or preventing pathogen infection, cancer, allergy, and autoimmune disease)

L6 ANSWER 6 OF 31 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 6

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:327941 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:351426

TITLE:

Nucleic acid and amino acid sequences relating to

Staphylococcus epidermidis for diagnostics and

therapeutics

INVENTOR(S):

Doucette-Stamm, Lynn A.; Bush, David Genome Therapeutics Corporation, USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 267 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
US 6380370	B1	20020430	US 1998-134001		19980813
US 2004147734	A1	20040729	US 2003-724972		20031201
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1997-55779P	P	19970814
			US 1997-64964P	P	19971108
			US 1998-134001	A2	19980813
			US 1999-450969	A3	19991129

ED Entered STN: 02 May 2002

AB The invention provides isolated polypeptide and nucleic acid sequences derived from Staphylococcus epidermidis that are useful in diagnosis and therapy of pathol. conditions; antibodies against the polypeptides; and methods for the production of the polypeptides. Thus, the sequences of 2837 protein-coding contigs from the genome of S. epidermidis strain 19804 are provided. The invention also provides methods for the detection, prevention and treatment of pathol. conditions resulting from bacterial infection.

IT 421018-05-5P

RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(amino acid sequence; nucleic acid and amino acid sequences relating to Staphylococcus epidermidis for diagnostics and therapeutics)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 7 OF 31 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 7

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:713538 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:283990

1

TITLE: Identification of essential genes in prokaryotes and

use of their antisense constructs in antibiotic

screening

INVENTOR(S): Haselbeck, Robert; Ohlsen, Kari L.; Zyskind, Judith

W.; Wall, Daniel; Trawick, John D.; Carr, Grant J.;

Yamamoto, Robert T.; Xu, H. Howard Elitra Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 511 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PAT	PATENT NO.				KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.					DATE					
WO	2001	0709	55 A	2		_	2001	 0927	WO 2001-US9180						20010321			
W :	GE,	CU, GH,	CZ, GM,	CZ, HR,	DE, HU,	DE, ID,	AU, DK, IL, MD,	DK, IN,	DM, IS,	DZ, JP,	EE, KE,	EE, KG,	ES, KP,	FI, KR,	FI, KZ,	GB, LC,	GD, LK,	
							SK, AZ,								UA,	UG,	US,	
RW:	AT, GR,						CH, MR,									GA,	GB,	
PRIORITY	APP:	LN.	INFO	. :					US 2000-PV191078 US 2000-PV206848									
	US 2000-PV207727 US 2000-PV242578										0000!							
									U	S 20	00-P	V257	931		20	0001: 0001:	222	
	US 2001-PV269308										20	0010	216					

ED Entered STN: 28 Sep 2001

AB Genes required for proliferation of Staphylococcus aureus, Salmonella typhimurium, Klebsiella pneumoniae, Pseudomonas aeruginosa, and Enterococcus faecalis. Libraries of genomic fragments were operably cloned into vectors comprising inducible promoters in the antisense orientation, and selected for those genes which which fail to grow or grow at a substantially reduced rate when the promoter is induced. The sequences of antisense nucleic acids which inhibit the proliferation of prokaryotes are disclosed. Cell-based assays which employ the antisense nucleic acids to identify and develop antibiotics are also disclosed. The antisense nucleic acids can also be used to identify proteins required for proliferation, express these proteins or portions thereof, obtain antibodies capable of specifically binding to the expressed proteins, and to use those expressed proteins as a screen to isolate candidate mols. for rational drug discovery programs. The nucleic acids can also be used to screen for homologous nucleic acids that are required for proliferation in cells other than Staphylococcus aureus, Salmonella typhimurium, Klebsiella pneumoniae, and Pseudomonas aeruginosa. The nucleic acids of the present invention can also be used in various assay systems to screen for proliferation required genes in other organisms.

ΙT 364143-92-0

> RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(amino acid sequence; identification of essential genes in prokaryotes and use of their antisense constructs in antibiotic screening)

ANSWER 8 OF 31 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 8 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:314497 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:330627

TITLE: Chromosome 2 sequence of the human malaria parasite

Plasmodium falciparum and proteins of said chromosome

useful in anti-malarial vaccines and diagnostic

reagents

INVENTOR(S): Hoffman, Stephen; Carucci, Daniel; Gardner, Malcolm;

Venter, J. Craig

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 577 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	PATENT NO.				KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
	2000							WO 1999-US26796						19991105			
WO	2000	0257	28		A3		2001	0222									
	W:	ΑE,	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CR,	CU,
		CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,
		IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KΡ,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,
		MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,
		SL,	TJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,
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		CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG				
AU	2000	0181	82		A5		2000	0522	1	AU 2	000-1	1818:	2		1	9991	105
PRIORITY	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:					1	US 1	998-:	1071	31P		P 1	9981	105
									Ī	WO 1	999-1	JS26	796	I	W 1	9991	105

ED Entered STN: 15 May 2000

Chromosome 2 of Plasmodium falciparum was sequenced and shown to contain AB 945,000 base pairs and encode 209 predicted genes. Compared to the Saccharomyces cerevisiae genome, chromosome 2 has a lower gene d., introns are more frequent, and proteins are markedly enriched in non-globular domains. A new family of surface proteins, rifins, was identified. Rifins are believed to play a role in antigenic variation. The genome sequence provides a foundation for development of methods to control malaria, a disease that kills millions of people annually.

IT257896-67-6

> RL: ANT (Analyte); BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); USES (Uses) (amino acid sequence; chromosome 2 sequence of the human malaria parasite Plasmodium falciparum and proteins of said chromosome useful in anti-malarial vaccines and diagnostic reagents)

ANSWER 9 OF 31 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:673319 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:147803

TITLE: Spider dragline silk protein fusion with fibroin

H-chain peptide produced by transposon-mediated

transformation and production in silkworm

INVENTOR(S): Hiramatsu, Shingo; Moriyama, Hiromitsu; Asaoka, Ryota;

Morita, Ken; Tanaka, Takashi; Yamada, Katsushige:

Obrien, John Philip; Fahnestock, Stephen R.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toray Industries, Inc., Japan; E.I. Dupont de Nemours

and Company

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 48 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND DATE PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. ----------WO 2005068495 A1 20050728 WO 2005-JP619 20050112 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2004-5489 A 20040113

ED Entered STN: 29 Jul 2005

The invention relates to novel silk containing spider dragline silk protein. Using transgenic silkworms transformed with a gene encoding a spider dragline silk protein having desired properties (a high strength, a high elongation, etc.), a hybrid silk of spider dragline silk with silk thread having the desired properties is produced. Transformation can be achieved without damaging silkworm fibroin H-chain gene using transposons,. The spider dragline silk protein is produced as fusion with fibroin H-chain peptide, and forms a disulfide linkage with fibroin L-chain via C-terminal cysteine. Synthetic spider dragline silk proteins containing repeats of DP-1B.33 (dragline protein 1 analog) were produced and fused with silkworm fibroin H-chain using piggyBac transposon.

IT 859621-51-5

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

(amino acid sequence; spider dragline silk protein fusion with fibroin H-chain peptide produced by transposon-mediated transformation and production in silkworm)

REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 10 OF 31 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:260861 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:265688

TITLE: Soybean nucleic acids and encoded proteins associated

with transcription in plants and their uses for plant

improvement

INVENTOR(S): La Rosa, Thomas J.; Zhou, Yihua; Kovalic, David K.;

Cao, Yongwei

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 15 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 985,678, abandoned.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

					-	
US 2004031072	A1	20040212	US	2003-424599		20030428
US 2004031072	A1	20040212	US	2003-424599		20030428
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US	1999-304517	В1	19990506
			US	2001-985678	B2	20011105
			US	2003-424599	Α	20030428

ED Entered STN: 31 Mar 2004

This invention provides 142,842 polynucleotide sequences isolated from a cDNA library generated from Glycine maximum. The open reading frame in each polynucleotide sequence is identified by a combination of predictive and homol.-based methods. Functions of polypeptides encoded by the polynucleotides sequences are determined using a hierarchical classification tool, termed FunCAT, for Functional Categories Annotation Tool. Sequences useful for producing transgenic plants having improved biol. properties are identified from their FunCAT annotations. [This abstract record is one of 72 records for this document necessitated by the large number of index entries required to fully index the document and publication system constraints.].

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (amino acid sequence; soybean nucleic acids and encoded proteins associated with transcription in plants and their uses for plant improvement)

L6 ANSWER 11 OF 31 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:1035641 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:33017

TITLE: Cell growth-promoting peptides from silk proteins

INVENTOR(S): Tsubouchi, Kozo; Yamada, Hiroo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): National Institute of Agrobiological Resources NIAR,

Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 27 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Japanese

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT N	O. KINI	DATE	APP	LICATION NO	•	DATE
JP 20043	39189 A2	20041202	2 JP :	2003-406608		20031204
US 20051	43296 A1	20050630	US:	2004-789494		20040227
CN 15357	23 A	20041013	CN:	2004-100352	41	20040301
PRIORITY APPL	N. INFO.:		JP :	2003-55048	A	20030228

ED Entered STN: 03 Dec 2004

AB Disclosed are cell growth-promoting peptides which comprise 4-40 amino acids from noncryst. peptide chains of the silk proteins. The peptides are obtained by hydrolyzing silk worm proteins or Antheraea cocoon fibroins and separating them by mol. weight fraction. The peptides are effective as cell growth promoters, cell adhesives, wound healing promoters, and cell culture matrixes. Also claimed is a cosmetic containing the peptides.

IT 714954-21-9P

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); NPO (Natural product occurrence); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (cell growth-promoting peptides from silk proteins)

IT 803823-75-8 803823-77-0

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed sequence; cell growth-promoting peptides from silk proteins)

L6 ANSWER 12 OF 31 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:838448 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:82207

TITLE: Identification of fibroin-derived peptides enhancing

the proliferation of cultured human skin fibroblasts

AUTHOR(S): Yamada, Hiromi; Igarashi, Yumiko; Takasu, Yoko; Saito,

Hitoshi; Tsubouchi, Kozo

CORPORATE SOURCE: Entomological Science, National Institute of

Agrobiological Sciences, Tsukuba, Ibaraki, 305-8634,

Japan

SOURCE: Biomaterials (2003), Volume Date 2004, 25(3), 467-472

CODEN: BIMADU; ISSN: 0142-9612

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 27 Oct 2003

AB The authors previously reported that the fibroin of the silkworm Bombyx mori enhanced the proliferation of cultured human skin fibroblasts. In this work, the fibroin was digested by chymotrypsin, and the resulting peptide fragments were fractionated and assayed for their biol. activity. Two peptides that promoted fibroblast growth were isolated and identified to be VITTDSDGNE and NINDFDED. Both sequences are found in the N-terminal region of the fibroin polypeptide and are thought to be the active principle of fibroblast growth-promoting activity.

IT 714954-21-9

CORPORATE SOURCE:

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(fibroin-derived peptides enhancing proliferation of cultured human skin fibroblasts)

REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 13 OF 31 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:593459 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:287022

TITLE: The 62-kb upstream region of Bombyx mori fibroin heavy

chain gene is clustered of repetitive elements and

candidate matrix association regions

AUTHOR(S): Zhou, Cong-Zhao; Confalonieri, Fabrice; Esnault,

Catherine; Zivanovic, Yvan; Jacquet, Michel; Janin, Joel; Perasso, Roland; Li, Zhen-Gang; Duguet, Michel Institut de Genetique et Microbiologie, Universite

Paris-Sud et CNRS, Orsay, 91405, Fr.

SOURCE: Gene (2003), 312, 189-195

CODEN: GENED6; ISSN: 0378-1119

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 04 Aug 2003

We sequenced an 80 kb DNA region containing the complete sequence of the silkworm Bombyx mori fibroin gene and its flanking, especially the upstream, regions (.apprx.62 kb). About 30% of the 62 kb upstream region is composed of repetitive elements including short interspersed elements Bml, long interspersed elements L1Bm and mariner-like elements Bmmarl which are widespread over the silkworm genome. This 62 kb region is also enriched of commonly considered matrix association region (MAR) motifs. A total of 25 individual MAR recognition signatures (MRSs) were identified, with 24 at the upstream and one at the downstream region. Combining two newly developed MAR prediction programs (MAR-finder and Chrclass), ten candidate MARs were predicted, with five containing MRS and seven related to the repetitive

elements. The wide distribution of nested repetitive elements, candidate MARs, DNase I hypersensitive sites and other potential regulatory factors recognition sites indicates this region is probably a unique huge cis-acting element contributing to the regulation of the spatial and temporal specificity and efficiency of fibroin gene expression.

303229-60-9, Fibroin heavy chain (silkworm strain p50) ΙT

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

(amino acid sequence; 62-kb upstream region of Bombyx mori fibroin heavy chain gene has clustered repetitive elements and candidate matrix association regions)

REFERENCE COUNT: 33 THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 14 OF 31 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:752115 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:289734

TITLE: Sequence of Plasmodium falciparum chromosomes 2, 10,

11 and 14

Gardner, Malcolm J.; Shallom, Shamira J.; Carlton, AUTHOR(S):

> Jane M.; Salzberg, Steven L.; Nene, Vishvanath; Shoaibi, Azadeh; Ciecko, Anne; Lynn, Jeffery; Rizzo, Michael; Weaver, Bruce; Jarrahi, Behnam; Brenner,

Michael; Parvizi, Babak; Tallon, Luke; Moazzez, Azita;

Granger, David; Fujii, Claire; Hansen, Cheryl;

Pederson, James; Feldblyum, Tamara; Peterson, Jeremy; Suh, Bernard; Angiuoli, Sam; Pertea, Mihaela; Allen, Jonathan; Selengut, Jeremy; White, Owen; Cummings, Leda M.; Smith, Hamilton O.; Adams, Mark D.; Venter, J. Craig; Carucci, Daniel J.; Hoffman, Stephen L.;

Fraser, Claire M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: The Institute for Genomic Research, Rockville, MD,

20850, USA

SOURCE: Nature (London, United Kingdom) (2002), 419(6906),

531-534

CODEN: NATUAS; ISSN: 0028-0836

PUBLISHER: Nature Publishing Group

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English Entered STN: 04 Oct 2002 ED

AB The mosquito-borne malaria parasite Plasmodium falciparum kills an estimated 0.7-2.7 million people every year, primarily children in sub-Saharan Africa. Without effective interventions, a variety of factors-including the spread of parasites resistant to antimalarial drugs and the increasing insecticide resistance of mosquitoes-may cause the number of malaria cases to double over the next two decades. To stimulate basic research and facilitate the development of new drugs and vaccines, the genome of Plasmodium falciparum clone 3D7 has been sequenced using a chromosome-by-chromosome shotgun strategy. This report describes nucleotide sequences of chromosomes 10, 11 and 14, and a re-anal. of the chromosome 2 sequence. These chromosomes represent about 35% of the 23-megabase P. falciparum genome. The sequences are deposited in GenBank/EMBL/DDBJ under accession nos. AE001362.2 (chromosome 2), AE014185 (chromosome 10), AE014186 (chromosome 11), and AE014187 (chromosome 14).

465598-80-5 465605-62-3

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

(amino acid sequence; complete sequence of Plasmodium falciparum chromosomes 2, 10, 11 and 14)

REFERENCE COUNT: 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

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L6
     ANSWER 15 OF 31 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
                         2002:752116 CAPLUS Full-text
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         137:289735
TITLE:
                         Sequence of Plasmodium falciparum chromosomes 1, 3-9
                         and 13
AUTHOR (S):
                         Hall, N.; Pain, A.; Berriman, M.; Churcher, C.;
                         Harris, B.; Harris, D.; Mungall, K.; Bowman, S.;
                         Atkin, R.; Baker, S.; Barron, A.; Brooks, K.; Buckee,
                         C. O.; Burrows, C.; Cherevach, I.; Chillingworth, C.;
                         Chillingworth, T.; Christodoulou, Z.; Clark, L.;
                         Clark, R.; Corton, C.; Cronin, A.; Davies, R.; Davis,
                         P.; Dear, P.; Dearden, F.; Doggett, J.; Feltwell, T.;
                         Goble, A.; Goodhead, I.; Gwilliam, R.; Hamlin, N.;
                         Hance, Z.; Harper, D.; Hauser, H.; Hornsby, T.;
                         Holroyd, S.; Horrocks, P.; Humphray, S.; Jagels, K.;
                         James, K. D.; Johnson, D.; Kerhornou, A.; Knights, A.;
                         Konfortov, B.; Kyes, S.; Larke, N.; Lawson, D.;
                         Lennard, N.; Line, A.; Maddison, M.; McLean, J.;
                         Mooney, P.; Moule, S.; Murphy, L.; Oliver, K.; Ormond,
                         D.; Price, C.; Quail, M. A.; Rabbinowitsch, E.;
                         Rajandream, M.-A.; Rutter, S.; Rutherford, K. M.;
                         Sanders, M.; Simmonds, M.; Seeger, K.; Sharp, S.;
                         Smith, R.; Squares, R.; Squares, S.; Stevens, K.;
                         Taylor, K.; Tivey, A.; Unwin, L.; Whitehead, S.;
                         Woodward, J.; Sulston, J. E.; Craig, A.; Newbold, C.;
                         Barrell, B. G.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         The Wellcome Trust Sanger Institute, Hinxton,
                         Cambridge, CB10 1SA, UK
SOURCE:
                         Nature (London, United Kingdom) (2002), 419(6906),
                         527-531
                         CODEN: NATUAS; ISSN: 0028-0836
PUBLISHER:
                         Nature Publishing Group
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
     Entered STN: 04 Oct 2002
ED
AΒ
     Since the sequencing of the first two chromosomes of the malaria parasite,
     Plasmodium falciparum, there has been a concerted effort to sequence and
     assemble the entire genome of this organism. This report provides the
     sequence of chromosomes 1, 3-9 and 13 of P. falciparum clone 3D7; these
     chromosomes account for .apprx.55% of the total genome. The methods used to
     map, sequence and annotate these chromosomes is described. By comparing these
     assemblies with the optical map, the completeness of the resulting sequence is
     indicated. During annotation, Gene Ontol. terms were assigned to the
     predicted gene products, and clustering of some malaria-specific terms to
     specific chromosomes was observed A highly conserved sequence element was
     found in the intergenic region of internal var genes that is not associated
     with their telomeric counterparts.
     467525-63-9
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL
     (Biological study)
        (amino acid sequence; sequence of Plasmodium falciparum chromosomes 1,
        3-9 and 13)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                               THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                         33
                               RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
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L6 ANSWER 16 OF 31 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:235070 CAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:289612

Cloning and structure analysis on 5' flanking sequence TITLE:

of fibroin gene of chinese oak silkworm

Li, Wenli; Jin, Liji; Fan, Qi; An, Lijia AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Biotechnology, Dalian University of

Technology, Dalian, 116023, Peop. Rep. China

Zhongguo Nongye Kexue (Beijing, China) (2002), 35(2), SOURCE:

218-221

CODEN: CKNYAR; ISSN: 0578-1752

PUBLISHER: Zhongguo Nongye Kexue Bianjibu

Journal DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Chinese ED Entered STN: 28 Mar 2002

The 5' flanking fragment of fibroin gene of Chinese Oak Silkworm (Antheraea AB pernyi) was amplified through PCR. It consists of CAAT box, TATA box(Hogness box), prim transcript, start code ATG, part of structural gene and first intron. Compared with Japanese Oak silkworm (Antheraea yamamai), three high homol. regions have been observed in the sequence of the 5' flanking (nt. 86.apprx.479bp, number 769.apprx.1167bp and nt. 1189.apprx.1303bp), with the similarity of 91.6%, 95% and 95%, resp. As for CAAT box, TATA box and prim transcript, the homol. between Chinese Oak Silkworm and Japanese Oak silkworm is higher than that between Chinese Oak silkworm and Bombyx mori. The TATA box locate at the upstream -25bp and CAAT box at - 70bp from the prim transcript, which is similar as the character of eukarytor promoter.

ΙT 469866-34-0

> RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

(amino acid sequence; cloning and structure anal. on 5' flanking sequence of fibroin gene of chinese oak silkworm)

ANSWER 17 OF 31 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L6 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:360182 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:1253

TITLE: Staphylococcus epidermidis nucleic acids and proteins

as diagnostic or therapeutic agents

INVENTOR(S): Kimmerly, William John PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Glaxo Group Limited, UK SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 2189 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATE	PATENT NO.				KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE		
					-											
WO 2	0010348	09		A2		2001	0517	WO 2000-US30782						20001109		
WO 2	0010348	09		A3		2001	1122									
,	W: AE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,
	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,
	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,
	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,
	YU,	ZA,	ZW													
	RW: GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,
	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙĒ,	ΙT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	TR,	BF,
	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG		
US 6	703492			В1		2004	0309	1	US 2	000-	7102	79		2	0001	109
US 2	0052554	78		A1		2005	1117	1	US 2	004-	7936:	26		2	0040	304
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:							US 1999-164258P				P 19991109					
							ī	US 2	000-	7102	79	I	A3 2	0001	109	

ED Entered STN: 18 May 2001

AB Staphylococcus epidermidis polypeptides and DNA (RNA) encoding such polypeptides and a procedure for producing such polypeptides by recombinant techniques is disclosed. The sequences of 1667 genes and their encodes proteins, as well as 1120 noncoding nucleic acid fragments, are provided. Also disclosed are methods for utilizing such polypeptides and DNA (RNA) for the treatment of infection, particularly infections arising from S. epidermidis. Antagonists against the function of such polypeptides and their use as therapeutics to treat infection are also disclosed. Selected nucleic acids and/or polypeptides of the present invention can be advantageously utilized as targets in screening assays for antibiotics, as diagnostics of infections, and as means to identify S. epidermidis in any given sample and distinguish it from other bacteria.

IT 341040-34-4

RL: ANT (Analyte); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (amino acid sequence; Staphylococcus epidermidis nucleic acids and proteins as diagnostic or therapeutic agents)

L6 ANSWER 18 OF 31 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:669212 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:242651

TITLE:

Cloning of the fibroin gene from the oak silkworm,

Antheraea yamamai and its complete sequence

AUTHOR(S):

Hwang, Jae-Sam; Lee, Jin-Sung; Goo, Tae-Won; Yun, Eun-Young; Lee, Kwang-Sik; Kim, Yong-Sung; Jin, Byung-Rae; Lee, Sang-Mong; Kim, Keun-Young; Kang,

Seok-Woo; Suh, Dong-Sang

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Sericulture and Entomology, National Institute of Agricultural Science and Technology, RDA,

Suwon, 441-100, S. Korea

SOURCE:

Biotechnology Letters (2001), 23(16), 1321-1326

CODEN: BILED3; ISSN: 0141-5492

PUBLISHER:

Kluwer Academic Publishers

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE:

ED Entered STN: 13 Sep 2001

AB The nucleotide sequences containing an entire genomic region and 5' upstream region of Antheraea yamamai fibroin gene have been determined. The gene consists of an initial exon encoding 14 amino acids, an intron (150 bp), and a long second exon coding for 2641 amino acids. The fibroin coding sequence shows a specialized organization with a highly repetitive region flanked by non repetitive 5' and 3' ends. Northern blot analyses confirmed that fibroin gene is actively expressed in the posterior silk gland of the final instar larvae of Antheraea yamamai.

IT 404318-03-2, Fibroin (Antheraea yamamai)

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

(amino acid sequence; sequence of the fibroin gene from the oak silkworm, Antheraea yamamai)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 19 OF 31 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:472155 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

133:330213

TITLE:

Fine organization of Bombyx mori fibroin heavy chain

gene

AUTHOR(S):

Zhou, Cong-Zhao; Confalonieri, Fabrice; Medina, Nadine; Zivanovic, Yvan; Esnault, Catherine; Yang,

Tie; Jacquet, Michel; Janin, Joel; Duquet, Michel;

Perasso, Roland; Li, Zhen-Gang

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institut de Genetique et Microbiologie and Laboratoire

de Biologie Cellulaire 4, Universite Paris-Sud et

CNRS, Orsay, 91405, Fr.

SOURCE: Nucleic Acids Research (2000), 28(12), 2413-2419

CODEN: NARHAD; ISSN: 0305-1048

PUBLISHER: Oxford University Press

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 13 Jul 2000

The complete sequence of the Bombyx mori fibroin gene has been determined by AΒ means of combining a shotgun sequencing strategy with phys. map-based sequencing procedures. It consists of two exons (67 and 15 750 bp, resp.) and one intron (971 bp). The fibroin coding sequence presents a spectacular organization, with a highly repetitive and G-rich (.apprx.45%) core flanked by non-repetitive 5' and 3' ends. This repetitive core is composed of alternate arrays of 12 repetitive and 11 amorphous domains. The sequences of the amorphous domains are evolutionarily conserved and the repetitive domains differ from each other in length by a variety of tandem repeats of subdomains of .apprx.208 bp which are reminiscent of the repetitive nucleosome organization. A typical composition of a subdomain is a cluster of repetitive units, Ua, followed by a cluster of units, Ub, (with a Ua: Ub ratio of 2:1) flanked by conserved boundary elements at the 3' end. Moreover some repeats are also perfectly conserved at the peptide level indicating that the evolutionary pressure is not identical along the sequence. A tentative model for the constitution and evolution of this unusual gene is discussed.

ΙT 303229-60-9

> RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

(amino acid sequence; fine organization of Bombyx mori fibroin heavy chain gene)

REFERENCE COUNT:

29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 20 OF 31 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:831431 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:362047

TITLE:

Dynamic rearrangement within the Antheraea pernyi silk

fibroin gene is associated with four types of

repetitive units

Sezutsu, Hideki; Yukuhiro, Kenji AUTHOR (S):

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Insect Genetic Breeding, National

Institute of Sericultural and Entomological Science,

Tsukuba, 305-8634, Japan

SOURCE: Journal of Molecular Evolution (2000), 51(4), 329-338

CODEN: JMEVAU; ISSN: 0022-2844

PUBLISHER: Springer-Verlag New York Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English ED Entered STN: 29 Nov 2000

AB We characterized a full-length gene encoding wild silkmoth Antheraea pernyi fibroin (Ap-fibroin) to clarify the conformation of repetitive sequences. The gene consisted of a first exon encoding 14 amino acid residues, a short intron (120 bp), and a long second exon encoding 2,625 amino acid residues. Three amino acids, alanine, glycine, and serine, amounted to 81% of the Ap-fibroin sequence. The Ap-fibroin, except for 155 residues of the amino terminus, was composed of 80 tandemly arranged polyalanine-containing units (motifs). A motif was a doublet of a polyalanine block (PAB) and a nonpolyalanine block (NPAB). Seventy-eight of the 80 motifs were classified into four types based

on differences in the NPAB sequences. Although resp. motifs were significantly conserved, many rearrangements were observed within the second exon, i.e., the triplication of a 558-bp-long sequence and other duplication events of shorter sequences. Chi-like sequences, GCTGGAG, might contribute to the rearrangement within the gene as described in human minisatellite loci, because they were found at specific sites of NPAB-encoding sequences in three of four types of motifs. The present results support the idea that the Apfibroin gene is unstable like minisatellite sequences and that the evolution of this gene is strongly associated with its instability.

IT 336885-96-2, Fibroin (Antheraea pernyi clone AP2)

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

(amino acid sequence; dynamic rearrangement within the Antheraea pernyi silk fibroin gene is associated with four types of repetitive units)

REFERENCE COUNT:

24 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 21 OF 31 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:590975 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:147372

TITLE:

The cytoadherence linked asexual gene family of Plasmodium falciparum: are there roles other than

cytoadherence?

AUTHOR(S):

Holt, Deborah C.; Gardiner, Donald L.; Thomas, Elizabeth A.; Mayo, Mark; Bourke, Peter F.;

Sutherland, Colin J.; Carter, Rod; Myers, Garry; Kemp,

David J.; Trenholme, Katharine R.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

The Menzies School of Health Research, Casuarina,

0811, Australia

SOURCE:

International Journal for Parasitology (1999), 29(6),

939-944

CODEN: IJPYBT; ISSN: 0020-7519

PUBLISHER:

Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE:

ED

Entered STN: 21 Sep 1999

The binding of erythrocytes infected with P. falciparum to the endothelium lining the small blood vessels of the brain and other organs can mediate severe pathol. A region at the right end of chromosome 9 has been implicated in the binding of parasitized erythrocytes to the endothelial receptor CD36. A gene expressed in asexual erythrocytic stage parasites has been identified in this region and termed the cytoadherence linked asexual gene (clag). Antisense RNA production and targeted gene disruption of clag resulted in greatly reduced binding to CD36. Hybridization to 3D7 chromosomes showed clag to be a part of a gene family of at least nine members. All members analyzed so far have a conserved gene structure of at least nine exons, as well as putative transmembrane domains. The possible functions of the gene family are discussed.

IT 257896-67-6

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

(amino acid sequence; cytoadherence linked asexual gene family of Plasmodium falciparum)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 22 OF 31 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:364016 CAPLUS Full-text

25

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:1093

TITLE:

The malaria genome sequencing project: Complete

sequence of Plasmodium falciparum chromosome 2 AUTHOR (S):

Gardner, M. J.; Tettelin, H.; Carucci, D. J.;

Cummings, L. M.; Smith, H. O.; Fraser, C. M.; Venter,

J. C.; Hoffman, S. L.

CORPORATE SOURCE: The Institute for Genomic Research, Rockville, MD,

20850, USA

Parassitologia (Roma, Italy) (1999), 41(1-3), 69-75 SOURCE:

CODEN: PSSGAR; ISSN: 0048-2951

PUBLISHER:

Lambardo Editore

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

ED Entered STN: 20 May 2001

AΒ An international consortium has been formed to sequence the entire genome of the human malaria parasite Plasmodium falciparum. Chromosome 2 of clone 3D7 was sequenced using a shotgun sequencing strategy. Chromosome 2 is 947 kb in length, has a base composition of 80.2% A+T, and contains 210 predicted genes. In comparison to the Saccharomyces cerevisiae genome, chromosome 2 has a lower gene d., a greater proportion of genes containing introns, and nearly twice as many proteins containing predicted non-globular domains. A group of putative surface proteins was identified, rifins, which are encoded by a gene family comprising up to 7% of the protein-encoding genes in the genome. The rifins exhibit considerable sequence diversity and may play an important role in antigenic variation. Sixteen genes encoded on chromosome 2 showed signs of a plastid or mitochondrial origin, including several genes involved in fatty acid biosynthesis. Completion of the chromosome 2 sequence demonstrated that the A+T-rich genome of P. falciparum can be sequenced by the shotgun approach. Within 2-3 yr, the sequence of almost all P. falciparum genes will have been determined, paving the way for genetic, biochem. and immunol. research aimed at developing new drugs and vaccines against malaria.

257896-67-6 IT

> RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

(amino acid sequence; complete sequence of Plasmodium falciparum chromosome 2)

REFERENCE COUNT:

43 THERE ARE 43 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 23 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:165871 USPATFULL Full-text

TITLE:

Extraction and utilization of cell growth-promoting

peptides from silk protein

INVENTOR(S):

Tsubouchi, Kozo, Tsukuba-gun, JAPAN Yamada, Hiromi, Tsukuba-shi, JAPAN

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 2005143296 A1 20050630 US 2004-789494 A1 20040227 (10) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

JP 2003-55048 20030228

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: FLYNN THIEL BOUTELL & TANIS, P.C., 2026 RAMBLING ROAD,

KALAMAZOO, MI, 49008-1699, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 15 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: LINE COUNT: 1910

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Peptides are provided having an excellent safety, stability due to AΒ relatively low molecular weights thereof, and cell growth promotion, which are different from cell growth factors produced by abnormal cells such as tumor cells. Peptide compositions which are excellent in promoting cell growth containing partial peptides of one or more peptide chains selected from peptide chains forming noncrystalline portions constituting silk protein. The partial peptides have specific amino acid sequences formed of four to forty amino acid residues. This invention has succeeded in providing novel peptides excellent for cell growth by separating and fractionating peptides, having specific amino acid sequences of molecular weights not higher than 10,000, preferably ranging from 4,000 to 400, from the noncrystalline portions of silk protein as well as by synthesizing peptides similar to such peptides. These peptides may be used for biomaterials such as a cell adhesion agent, cell growth-promoting agent, wound healing promoting agent, skin care material like cosmetic material or the like, and cell culture substrate.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

714954-21-9P

(cell growth-promoting peptides from silk proteins)

803823-75-8 803823-77-0

(unclaimed sequence; cell growth-promoting peptides from silk proteins)

ANSWER 24 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:158196 USPATFULL Full-text

TITLE: Nucleic acid and amino acid sequences relating to

streptococcus pneumoniae for diagnostics and

therapeutics

INVENTOR(S): Doucette-Stamm, Lynn A., Framingham, MA, UNITED STATES

Bush, David, Somerville, MA, UNITED STATES

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 2005136404 A1 20050623 US 2003-617320 A1 20030710 (10)

PATENT INFORMATION:

Division of Ser. No. US 1998-107433, filed on 30 Jun RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

1998, PENDING

NUMBER DATE -----

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 1997-51553P 19970702 (60) US 1998-85131P 19980512 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Robert L. Spadafora, Genome Therapeutics Corporation,

100 Beaver Street, Waltham, MA, 02453, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 28 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: LINE COUNT: 12957

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention provides isolated polypeptide and nucleic acid sequences derived from Streptococcus pneumonia that are useful in diagnosis and therapy of pathological conditions; antibodies against the polypeptides; and methods for the production of the polypeptides. The invention also provides methods for the detection, prevention and treatment of pathological conditions resulting from bacterial infection.

IT 660056-86-0

(amino acid sequence; nucleic acid and amino acid sequences relating to Streptococcus pneumoniae for diagnostics and therapeutics)

ANSWER 25 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:43716 USPATFULL Full-text

TITLE: Method for identification isolation and production of

antigens to a specific pathogen

INVENTOR(S): Meinke, Andreas, Pressbaum, AUSTRIA

> Nagy, Eszter, Vienna, AUSTRIA von Ahsen, Uwe, Vienna, AUSTRIA Klade, Christoph, Neustadt, AUSTRIA Henics, Tamas, Vienna, AUSTRIA Zauner, Wolfgang, Vienna, AUSTRIA Minh, Duc Bui, Vienna, AUSTRIA Vytvytska, Oresta, Vienna, AUSTRIA Etz, Hildegard, Vienna, AUSTRIA Dryla, Agnieszka, Vienna, AUSTRIA

Weichhart, Thomas, Boheimkirchen, AUSTRIA

Hafner, Martin, Vienna, AUSTRIA

Tempelmaier, Brigitte, Vienna, AUSTRIA

Fraser, Claire M., Potomac, MD, UNITED STATES Gill, Steven, Frederick, MD, UNITED STATES

NUMBER	KIND	DATE				

US 2005037444 A1 20050217 US 2004-470048 A1 20040206 (10) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

WO 2002-EP546 20020121

NUMBER DATE -----

AT 2001-130 PRIORITY INFORMATION: 20010126

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Mark B Wilson, Fulbright & Jaworski, Suite 2400, 600

Congress Avenue, Austin, TX, 78701

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 40
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: CLM-01-34
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 11 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 4784

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Described is a method for identification, isolation and production of hyperimmune serum-reactive antigens from a specific pathogen, a tumor, an allergen or a tissue or host prone to autoimmunity, said antigens being suited for use in a vaccine for a given type of animal or for humans, which is characterized by the following steps: -- providing an antibody preparation from a plasma pool of said given type of animal or from a human plasma pool or individual sera with antibodies against said specific pathogen, tumor, allergen or tissue or host prone to auto-immunity, -- providing at least one expression library of said specific pathogen, tumor, allergen or tissue or host prone to auto-immunity, --screening said at least one expression library with said antibody preparation, --identifying antigens which bind in said screening to antibodies in said antibody preparation, --screening the identified antigens with individual antibody preparations from individual sera from individuals with antibodies against said specific pathogen, tumor, allergen or tissue or host prone to auto-immunity, --identifying the hyperimmune serum-reactive antigen portion of said identified antigens and which hyperimmune serum-reactive antigens bind to a relevant portion of said individual antibody preparations from said individual sera and--optionally

isolating said hyperimmune serum-reactive antigens and producing said hyperimmune serum-reactive antigens by chemical or recombinant methods.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 445314-07-8P

(amino acid sequence; hyperimmune serum-reactive antigens derived from expression libraries for treating or preventing pathogen infection, cancer, allergy, and autoimmune disease)

L6 ANSWER 26 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:190960 USPATFULL Full-text

TITLE: Nucleic acid and amino acid sequences relating to

staphylococcus epidermidis for diagnostics and

therapeutics

INVENTOR(S): Doucette-Stamm, Lynn, Framingham, MA, UNITED STATES

Bush, David, Somerville, MA, UNITED STATES

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 2004147734 A1 20040729 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2003-724972 A1 20031201 (10)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Division of Ser. No. US 1999-450969, filed on 29 Nov

1999, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

1998-134001, filed on 13 Aug 1998, GRANTED, Pat. No. US

6380370

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 1997-64964P 19971108 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: OSCIENT THERAPEUTICS CORPORATION, 100 BEAVER STREET,

WALTHAM, MA, 02453

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 31
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1
LINE COUNT: 3207

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention provides isolated polypeptide and nucleic acid sequences derived from Staphylococcus epidermidis that are useful in diagnosis and therapy of pathological conditions; antibodies against the polypeptides; and methods for the production of the polypeptides. The invention also provides methods for the detection, prevention and treatment of pathological conditions resulting from bacterial infection.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 421018-05-5P

(amino acid sequence; nucleic acid and amino acid sequences relating to Staphylococcus epidermidis for diagnostics and therapeutics)

L6 ANSWER 27 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:38590 USPATFULL Full-text

TITLE: Identification of essential genes in microorganisms

INVENTOR(S): Wang, Liangsu, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES

Zamudio, Carlos, La Jolla, CA, UNITED STATES
Malone, Cheryl, Santee, CA, UNITED STATES
Haselbeck, Robert, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES
Ohlsen, kari L., San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES

Zyskind, Judith W., La Jolla, CA, UNITED STATES

Wall, Daniel, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Trawick, John D., La Mesa, CA, UNITED STATES Carr, Grant J., Escondido, CA, UNITED STATES Yamamoto, Robert, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Forsyth, R. Allyn, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Xu, H. Howard, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 2004029129 A1 20040212 US 2002-282122 A1 20021025 (10) PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.:

NUMBER DATE -----

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

WO 2002-US9107 20020321 US 2002-362699P 20020306 (60) US 2001-342923P 20011025 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

KNOBBE MARTENS OLSON & BEAR LLP, 2040 MAIN STREET,

FOURTEENTH FLOOR, IRVINE, CA, 92614
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 106
EXEMPLARY CLAIM.

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 22 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 18605

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The sequences of antisense nucleic acids which inhibit the proliferation of prokaryotes are disclosed. Cell-based assays which employ the antisense nucleic acids to identify and develop antibiotics are also disclosed. The antisense nucleic acids can also be used to identify proteins required for proliferation, express these proteins or portions thereof, obtain antibodies capable of specifically binding to the expressed proteins, and to use those expressed proteins as a screen to isolate candidate molecules for rational drug discovery programs. The nucleic acids can also be used to screen for homologous nucleic acids that are required for proliferation in cells other than Staphylococcus aureus, Salmonella typhimurium, Klebsiella pneumoniae, and Pseudomonas aeruginosa. The nucleic acids of the present invention can also be used in various assay systems to screen for proliferation required genes in other organisms.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

437954-61-5 TТ

> (amino acid sequence; identification of essential genes in prokaryotes and use of their antisense constructs in antibiotic screening)

ANSWER 28 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:250212 USPATFULL Full-text

TITLE: Nucleic acid and amino acid sequences relating to

Streptococcus pneumoniae for diagnostics and

therapeutics

INVENTOR(S): Doucette-Stamm, Lynn A., Framingham, MA, United States

Bush, David, Somerville, MA, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Genome Therapeutics Corporation, Waltham, MA, United

States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 6800744 B1 20041005 US 1998-107433 19980630 (9) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

NUMBER DATE -----

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 1998-85131P 19980512 (60)

US 1997-51553P 19970702 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: GRANTED

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Brusca, John S. ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Zhou, Shubo "Joe "

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Genome Therapeutics Corporation

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 14 EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s) NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention provides isolated polypeptide and nucleic acid sequences derived from Streptococcus pneumonia that are useful in diagnosis and therapy of pathological conditions; antibodies against the polypeptides; and methods for the production of the polypeptides. The invention also provides methods for the detection, prevention and treatment of pathological conditions resulting from bacterial infection.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

660056-86-0

(amino acid sequence; nucleic acid and amino acid sequences relating to Streptococcus pneumoniae for diagnostics and therapeutics)

ANSWER 29 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN L6

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:59932 USPATFULL Full-text

TITLE: Staphylococcus epidermidis nucleic acids and proteins INVENTOR(S):

Kimmerly, William John, Encinitas, CA, United States PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SmithKline Beecham Corporation, Philadelphia, PA,

United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE ------ -i---- -i----US 6703492 B1 20040309 US 2000-710279 20001109 PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.: 20001109 (9)

NUMBER DATE -----

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 1999-164258P 19991109 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: GRANTED

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Brusca, John S. ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Zhou, Shubo "Joe" PRIMARY EXAMINER: LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Conger, Michael M.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 5 EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s) NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

LINE COUNT: 1782

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

S epidermidis polypeptides and DNA (RNA) encoding such polypeptides and a AB procedure for producing such polypeptides by recombinant techniques is disclosed. Also disclosed are methods for utilizing such polypeptides and DNA (RNA) for the treatment of infection, particularly infections arising from S epidermidis. Antagonists against the function of such polypeptides and their use as therapeutics to treat infection are also disclosed. Also disclosed are diagnostic assays for detecting diseases related to the

presence of S epidermidis nucleic acid sequences and the polypeptides in a host. Also disclosed are diagnostic assays for detecting polynucleotides and polypeptides related to S epidermidis.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

341040-34-4

(amino acid sequence; Staphylococcus epidermidis nucleic acids and proteins as diagnostic or therapeutic agents)

ANSWER 30 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:37641 USPATFULL Full-text

TITLE:

Bacterial promoters and methods of use

INVENTOR(S):

Haselbeck, Robert, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES

Wall, Daniel, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Gross, Molly, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 2003027286 A1 20030206 US 2001-32393 A1 20011221 (10) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

DATE NUMBER -----

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 2000-259434P 20001227 (60)

US 2000-230335P 20000906 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: KNOBBE MARTENS OLSON & BEAR LLP, 620 NEWPORT CENTER

DRIVE, SIXTEENTH FLOOR, NEWPORT BEACH, CA, 92660

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

135

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 17 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

9146

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Compositions and methods are disclosed herein that relate to the development of fusion promoters for regulating gene expression in bacteria. Embodiments include fusion promoters comprising one or more operators linked to a promoter that is modified to have altered activity in Gram-positive organisms. Vectors and cells containing these fusion promoters are also described. Other embodiments include, methods of using these fusion promoters to regulate nucleic acid and/or polypeptide expression, methods of using these fusion promoters to identify proliferation-required genes, and methods of using these fusion promoters to identify molecules having potential antibiotic activity.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

437954-61-5

(amino acid sequence; identification of essential genes in prokaryotes and use of their antisense constructs in antibiotic screening)

ANSWER 31 OF 31 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:119586 USPATFULL Full-text

TITLE: INVENTOR(S): Identification of essential genes in prokaryotes Haselbeck, Robert, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Ohlsen, Kari L., San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Zyskind, Judith W., La Jolla, CA, UNITED STATES Wall, Daniel, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Trawick, John D., La Mesa, CA, UNITED STATES

Carr, Grant J., Escondido, CA, UNITED STATES Yamamoto, Robert T., San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Xu, H. Howard, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE	
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2002061569	A1	20020523	
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2001-815242	A1	20010321	(9)
	NUMBER	DA'	ΓE	
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2000-191078P	2000	0321 (60)	
	US 2000-206848P	2000	0523 (60)	
	US 2000-207727P	2000	0526 (60)	
	US 2000-242578P	2000	1023 (60)	
	US 2000-253625P	2000	1127 (60)	
	US 2000-257931P	2000	1222 (60)	
	US 2001-269308P	2001	0216 (60)	
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility			
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION			
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	KNOBBE MARTENS OL	SON & 1	BEAR LLP,	620 NEWPORT

T CENTER

DRIVE, SIXTEENTH FLOOR, NEWPORT BEACH, CA, 92660

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

44 1

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

4 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

30870

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The sequences of antisense nucleic acids which inhibit the proliferation of AB prokaryotes are disclosed. Cell-based assays which employ the antisense nucleic acids to identify and develop antibiotics are also disclosed. The antisense nucleic acids can also be used to identify proteins required for proliferation, express these proteins or portions thereof, obtain antibodies capable of specifically binding to the expressed proteins, and to use those expressed proteins as a screen to isolate candidate molecules for rational drug discovery programs. The nucleic acids can also be used to screen for homologous nucleic acids that are required for proliferation in cells other than Staphylococcus aureus, Salmonella typhimurium, Klebsiella pneumoniae, and Pseudomonas aeruginosa. The nucleic acids of the present invention can also be used in various assay systems to screen for proliferation required genes in other organisms.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

437954-61-5

(amino acid sequence; identification of essential genes in prokaryotes and use of their antisense constructs in antibiotic screening)

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:08:17 ON 01 DEC 2005

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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: December 2, 2005, 09:25:07; Search time 150.286 Seconds

(without alignments)

23.389 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-789-494B-2

Perfect score: 45

Sequence: 1 NINDFDED 8

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 2443163 seqs, 439378781 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 2443163

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database : A Geneseq 21:*

1: geneseqp1980s:*

2: geneseqp1990s:*

3: geneseqp2000s:*

4: geneseqp2001s:*

5: geneseqp2002s:*

6: geneseqp2003as:*

7: geneseqp2003bs:*
8: geneseqp2004s:*

9: geneseqp2005s:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	% Query Match	Length	DB	ID	Description
1	45	100.0	8	8	ADU51206	Adu51206 Silkworm
2	45	100.0	35	9	AEB30831	Aeb30831 Spider th
3	45	100.0	151	8	ADU51163	Adu51163 Domestic
4	45	100.0	654	9	ADZ09405	Adz09405 Canine pa
5	40	88.9	520	6	ADA35236	Ada35236 Acinetoba
6	39	86.7	1158	4	ABB67681	Abb67681 Drosophil
7	37	82.2	345	5	ABB54921	Abb54921 Lactococc
8	35	77.8	141	6	ADA35940	Ada35940 Acinetoba

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9
        35
             77.8
                     213 8 ADN74385
                                                       Adn74385 Thale cre
10
        35
             77.8
                     648 7
                             ADC70458
                                                       Adc70458 Yeast 648
11
        35
             77.8
                     648 7
                            ADK63506
                                                       Adk63506 Disease t
             77.8
12
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                            ADC23481
                                                       Adc23481 Bacillus
13
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                                                       Abb48869 Listeria
14
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15
             75.6
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                     67
                          3 AAB25813
                                                       Aab25813 AP2 direc
16
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17
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18
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        34
                     263 3 AAB03824
                                                       Aab03824 Orotidine
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        34
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                            ADG88453
                                                       Adg88453 Arabidops
20
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                            AAG90278
                                                       Aag90278 C glutami
21
        34
             75.6
                     318 9 AEB15201
                                                       Aeb15201 C glutami
22
        34
             75.6
                     320 8
                            ADY10133
                                                       Ady10133 Plant ful
23
        34
             75.6
                     321
                             ABP62800
                                                       Abp62800 Protein f
24
        34
             75.6
                     321
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             75.6
        34
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                          8
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                                                       Adx72594 Plant ful
             75.6
26
        34
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                                                       Aag29465 Arabidops
27
             75.6
        34
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                                                       Aag29464 Arabidops
28
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                         8
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                                                       Ado61535 Transcrip
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                                                       Adn72147 Thale cre
30
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             75.6
                     449
                         8
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                                                       Adx67154 Plant ful
31
        34
             75.6
                     509 5 ABP65696
                                                       Abp65696 Bifidobac
32
             75.6
                     521 4
        34
                            AAM78789
                                                       Aam78789 Human pro
33
        34
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                         5
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                                                       Abp66038 Bifidobac
34
        34
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                            ABB64253
                                                       Abb64253 Drosophil
35
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                                                       Adk16463 Nanoarcha
36
        34
             75.6
                     794 6 ADA89694
                                                       Ada89694 Staphyloc
37
        34
             75.6
                     911 6 ABU43640
                                                       Abu43640 Protein e
38
        34
             75.6
                     917
                             AAU34107
                         4
                                                       Aau34107 Staphyloc
             75.6
39
        34
                     917
                         6
                             ABU15958
                                                       Abu15958 Protein e
40
             75.6
        34
                     917
                          9
                             ADW94884
                                                       Adw94884 Prolifera
41
        34
             75.6
                     920
                             AAU37402
                                                       Aau37402 Staphyloc
42
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        34
                     920
                             AAU37555
                                                       Aau37555 Staphyloc
43
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                             AAU36588
                                                       Aau36588 Staphyloc
44
       34
             75.6
                     920 6 ABM71269
                                                       Abm71269 Staphyloc
45
            75.6
       34
                     925 8 ADJ48357
                                                       Adj48357 Maize oil
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RESULT 1
ADU51206
ID
     ADU51206 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
XX
AC
     ADU51206;
XX
DΤ
     24-FEB-2005 (first entry)
XX
DE
     Silkworm fibroin-derived fibroblast proliferation peptide 3.
XX
KW
     vulnerary; cell proliferation; wound healing; cell adhesion; cosmetics;
KW
     cell culture; fibroin.
XX
OS
     Bombycoidea.
OS
     Synthetic.
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PN
     JP2004339189-A.
XX
PD
     02-DEC-2004.
XX
PF
     04-DEC-2003; 2003JP-00406608.
XX
PR
     28-FEB-2003; 2003JP-00055048.
XX
PΑ
     (DOKU-) DOKURITSU GYOSEI HOJIN NOGYO SEIBUTSU SH.
     (TSUB/) TSUBOUCHI K.
PA
XX
DR
     WPI; 2004-827614/82.
XX
     New peptide having excellent cell growth promoting activity, for use as a
PT
     cell growth promoter, cell adhesion agent, wound healing-promoting agent,
PT
PΤ
     cosmetic and cell culture base material.
XX
PS
     Claim 2; Page; 27pp; Japanese.
XX
CC
     The invention relates to a novel peptide having excellent cell growth
CC
     promoting activity. The peptide of the invention demonstrates vulnerary
CC
     activity and may be utilised as a cell growth promoter, cell adhesion
CC
     agent, wound healing-promoting agent or cosmetic and cell culture base
CC
     material. The current sequence is that of a silkworm fibroin-derived
CC
     fibroblast proliferation peptide of the invention.
XX
SO
     Sequence 8 AA;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Score 45; DB 8; Length 8;
  Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2e+06;
           8; Conservative 0; Mismatches
                                                 0; Indels
                                                                 0; Gaps
                                                                             0;
            1 NINDFDED 8
Qу
              Db
            1 NINDFDED 8
RESULT 2
AEB30831
ID
     AEB30831 standard; peptide; 35 AA.
XX
AC
     AEB30831;
XX
DT
     06-OCT-2005 (first entry)
XX
DE
     Spider thread peptide #2.
XX
KW
     Silk; spider thread protein.
XX
OS
     Bombyx mori.
XX
PΝ
     WO2005068495-A1.
XX
PD
     28-JUL-2005.
XX
PF
     12-JAN-2005; 2005WO-JP000619.
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XX

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XX
PR
     13-JAN-2004; 2004JP-00005489.
XX
PΑ
     (TORA ) TORAY IND INC.
     (DUPO ) DU PONT DE NEMOURS & CO E I.
PΑ
XX
PΙ
     Hiramatsu S, Moriyama H, Asaoka R, Morita K, Tanaka T, Yamada K;
PΙ
     Obrien JP, Fahnestock SR;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2005-522809/53.
XX
     Silk thread useful for producing textile fabric and in aeronautical
PT
PT
     navigation, space exploration, has spider thread protein, produced by
PT
     transducing gene encoding spider thread protein to silkworm having
PT
     fibroin H-chain gene.
XX
PS
     Claim 17; SEQ ID NO 4; 48pp; Japanese.
XX
CC
     The invention relates to a silk thread comprising a spider thread
CC
     protein, produced by a transducing gene encoding spider thread protein in
CC
     a silkworm having a fibroin H-chain gene, without damaging the silkworm
     fibroin H-chain gene. The invention also relates to producing silk thread
CC
     involving producing a transgenic silkworm and extracting silk thread from
CC
CC
     the transgenic silkworm. The silk thread is useful for producing a
CC
     textile fabric and also useful in aeronautical navigation, space
CC
     exploration, to produce clothing, towrope and medical thread, etc. The
CC
     silk thread has high strength and elongation property. This sequence
CC
     represents a spider thread peptide of the invention.
XX
SO
     Sequence 35 AA;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Score 45; DB 9; Length 35;
  Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.94;
  Matches
           8; Conservative 0; Mismatches
                                                  0; Indels
                                                                 0; Gaps
                                                                             0;
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Db
           22 NINDFDED 29
RESULT 5
ADA35236
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XX
AC
     ADA35236;
XX
DT
     20-NOV-2003 (first entry)
XX
DE
    Acinetobacter baumannii protein #2397.
XX
KW
     Acinetobacter baumannii; bacterial disease; antibacterial; vaccine;
KW
    plant biocontrol agent.
XX
OS
    Acinetobacter baumannii.
XX
PN
    US6562958-B1.
XX
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                  99US-00328352.
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     09-JUN-1998; 98US-0088701P.
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     (GENO-) GENOME THERAPEUTICS CORP.
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XX
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     Breton G, Bush D;
XX
     WPI; 2003-576092/54.
DR
DR
     N-PSDB; ADA31110.
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     New Acinetobacter baumanii proteins and nucleic acids, useful as reagents
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PT
     vaccines, as targets for antibacterial drugs, or as biocontrol agents for
PT
     plants.
XX
PS
     Example; SEQ ID NO 6523; 328pp; English.
XX
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     The invention relates to isolated Acinetobacter baumannii nucleic acids.
     The A. baumannii nucleic acids and polypeptides are useful as reagents
CC
CC
     for diagnosing a bacterial disease, as components of antibacterial
CC
     vaccines, as targets for antibacterial drugs, to detect the presence of
CC
     A. baumannii and other Acinetobacter species in a sample, in screening
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     compounds for the ability to interfere with the A. baumannii life cycle
CC
     or to inhibit A. baumannii infection, and as biocontrol agents for
CC
     plants. The present sequence represents the amino acid sequence of an A.
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     baumannii protein.
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Perfect score: 45

Sequence: 1 NINDFDED 8

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Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 572060

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Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

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   TITLE OF INVENTION: BAUMANNII FOR DIAGNOSTICS AND THERAPEUTICS
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; Patent No. 6631329
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
  APPLICANT: Yale University
  APPLICANT: STEITZ, Thomas A.
  APPLICANT: WANG, Jimin
  APPLICANT: SILVIAN, Laura F.
  TITLE OF INVENTION: Use of the Crystal Structure of Staphylococcus Aureus
Isoleucyl-tRNA
  TITLE OF INVENTION: Synthetase in Antibiotic Design
  FILE REFERENCE: 44574-5075-US
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  APPLICANT: YAMADA, Hiromi
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   TITLE OF INVENTION: GROWTH-PROMOTING PEPTIDES FROM SILK PROTEIN
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; Publication No. US20050208558A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Venter, J. Craig
; APPLICANT: et al.
  TITLE OF INVENTION: DETECTION KIT, SUCH AS NUCLEIC ACID
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  PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-11-12
  PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/173,383
  PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-12-28
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                    523 6 US-10-467-657-5392
                                                       Sequence 5392, Ap
43
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                                                       Sequence 4656, Ap
45
       27
            60.0
                    617 6 US-10-982-545-2
                                                       Sequence 2, Appli
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RESULT 1
US-10-501-039-6
; Sequence 6, Application US/10501039
; Publication No. US20050244822A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
   APPLICANT: Tetsuro Kokubo, Masahiro Shirakawa, and Jeremy Robin Howard Tame
   TITLE OF INVENTION: Method of monitoring gene expression
   FILE REFERENCE: 4439-4023
   CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/501,039
   CURRENT FILING DATE: 2004-07-08
   PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: JP P2002-002396
  PRIOR FILING DATE: 2002-01-09
  NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 14
  SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.1
; SEQ ID NO 6
    LENGTH: 648
    TYPE: PRT
    ORGANISM: Saccharomyces cerevisiae
US-10-501-039-6
  Query Match
                          77.8%; Score 35; DB 6; Length 648;
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 13;
  Matches
            6; Conservative
                                0; Mismatches
                                                   0; Indels
                                                                 0; Gaps
                                                                             0;
            3 NDFDED 8
Qу
              11111
Db
          507 NDFDED 512
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Search completed: December 2, 2005, 09:56:15 Job time: 7.85714 secs

GenCore version 5.1.6 Copyright (c) 1993 - 2005 Compugen Ltd.

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: December 2, 2005, 09:38:38; Search time 26.8571 Seconds

(without alignments)

28.660 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-789-494B-2

Perfect score: 45

Sequence: 1 NINDFDED 8

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 283416 seqs, 96216763 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 283416

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database : PIR 80:*

1: pir1:* 2: pir2:* 3: pir3:* 4: pir4:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

Result	_	% Query				
No.	Score	Match	Length	DB 	ID	Description
1	38	84.4	395	2	AD3354	hypothetical cytos
2	38	84.4	446	2	T35094	hypothetical prote
3	38	84.4	576	1	B70558	probable ABC trans
4	37	82.2	232	2	JQ1199	replication protei
5	37	82.2	233	2	S15954	repB protein - Lac
6	37	82.2	345	2	G86821	S-adenosylmethioni
7	35	77.8	117	2	G97840	hypothetical prote
8	35	77.8	134	2	B35119	4-carboxymuconolac
9	35	77.8	164	1	RNVZ19	DNA-directed RNA p
10	35	77.8	164	2	T28547	hypothetical prote
11	35	77.8	164	2	C72164	A6R protein - vari
12	35	77.8	164	2	F36848	A5R protein - vari
13	35	77.8	213	2	F84581	copia-like retroel

14	35	77.8	435	2	T30114	hypothetical prote
15	35	77.8	468	2	S49391	GltX protein - Myc
16	35	77.8	550	2	S55118	probable membrane
17	35	77.8	648	2	S56783	hypothetical prote
18	35	77.8	719	2	AI1212	TN916 ORF15 homolo
19	35	77.8	729	2	T52187	probable transposa
20	35	77.8	851	2	A86200	hypothetical prote
21	34	75.6	97	2	E97266	glu-tRNA amidotran
22	34	75.6	132	2	D72151	B12L protein - var
23	34	75.6	152	2	T28445	hypothetical prote
24	34	75.6	153	2	G36837	D7L protein - vari
25	34	75.6	295	2	S61039	hypothetical prote
26	34	75.6	319	2	AF2199	hypothetical prote
27	34	75.6	340	2	H81346	hypothetical prote
28	34	75.6	386	2	D42528	B23R protein - vac
29	34	75.6	432	2	A85436	APETALA2 protein [
30	34	75.6	469	2	T34645	hypothetical prote
31	34	75.6	634	1	WZVZA8	74K HindIII-C prot
32	34	75.6	634	2	E42503	C9L protein - vacc
33	34	75.6	917	2	S40178	isoleucine-tRNA li
34	34	75.6	917	2	D89891	Ile-tRNA synthetas
35	34	75.6	1171	2	T17454	diaphanous-related
36	34	75.6	1288	2	T37528	probable snf2 fami
37	33	73.3	105	2	H86863	hypothetical prote
38	33	73.3	255	2	T49972	hypothetical prote
39	33	73.3	271	2	T24965	hypothetical prote
40	33	73.3	316	2	T33180	hypothetical prote
41	33	73.3	340	2	F82468	hypothetical prote
42	33	73.3	372	2	C81263	probable integral
43	33	73.3	407	2	C45600	asparagine-rich bl
44	33	73.3	449	2	T44643	galactosyl transfe
45	33	73.3	463	2	T28748	hypothetical prote

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

hypothetical cytosolic protein BMEI0818 [imported] - Brucella melitensis (strain 16M)

C; Species: Brucella melitensis

C;Date: 01-Feb-2002 #sequence_revision 01-Feb-2002 #text_change 09-Jul-2004

C; Accession: AD3354

R;DelVecchio, V.G.; Kapatral, V.; Redkar, R.J.; Patra, G.; Mujer, C.; Los, T.; Ivanova, N.; Anderson, I.; Bhattacharyya, A.; Lykidis, A.; Reznik, G.; Jablonski, L.; Larsen, N.; D'Souza, M.; Bernal, A.; Mazur, M.; Goltsman, E.;

Selkov, E.; Elzer, P.H.; Hagius, S.; O'Callaghan, D.; Letesson, J.J.; Haselkorn, R.; Kyrpides, N.; Overbeek, R.

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 99, 443-448, 2002

A; Title: The genome sequence of the facultative intracellular pathogen Brucella melitensis.

A; Reference number: AD3252; PMID:11756688

A; Accession: AD3354 A; Status: preliminary A; Molecule type: DNA A; Residues: 1-395 < KUR> A; Cross-references: UNIPROT: Q8YHI1; UNIPARC: UPI0000057E1C; GB: AE008917;

PIDN:AAL51999.1; PID:g17982762; GSPDB:GN00190

A; Experimental source: strain 16M

C; Genetics:

A;Gene: BMEI0818 A;Map position: I

Query Match 84.4%; Score 38; DB 2; Length 395;

Best Local Similarity 87.5%; Pred. No. 23;

Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Search completed: December 2, 2005, 09:57:10

Job time : 29.8571 secs

GenCore version 5.1.6

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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: December 2, 2005, 09:24:01; Search time 166.857 Seconds

(without alignments)

33.827 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-789-494B-2

Perfect score: 45

Sequence: 1 NINDFDED 8

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 2166443 seqs, 705528306 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 2166443

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database : UniProt 05.80:*

1: uniprot_sprot:*
2: uniprot_trembl:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

1 45 100.0 178 1 FIBH_BOMMA	Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB	ID	Description
2 45 100.0 5263 1 FIBH_BOMMO P05790 bombyx mori 3 39 86.7 186 2 Q899G8_CLOTE Q899g8 clostridium 4 39 86.7 867 2 Q85ZE7_DROME Q85ZE7 drosophila 5 39 86.7 941 2 Q9VXA2_DROME Q9VXA2_drosophila 6 38 84.4 133 2 Q7RQS0_PLAYO Q7rqs0_plasmodium 7 38 84.4 382 2 Q512U2_ENTHI Q512u2_entamoeba h 8 38 84.4 395 2 Q57CX2_BRUAB Q57Cx2_brucella ab 9 38 84.4 395 2 Q8GDD1_BRUSU Q8gOd1_brucella su 10 38 84.4 495 2 Q9XHI1_BRUME Q8yhi1_brucella me 11 38 84.4 446 2 Q95ZS5_STRCO Q9SZ55_streptomyce 12 38 84.4 446 2 Q95ZS5_STRCO Q9SZ55_streptomyce 13 38 84.4 448 2 Q5BA42_EMENI Q5ba42_aspergillus 14 38 84.4 448 2 Q5BA42_EMENI Q5ba42_aspergillus 15 38 84.4 576 2 Q06137_MYCTU Q06137_mycobacteri 16 38 84.4 576 2 Q7TZV7_MYCBO Q7tzv7_mycobacteri 17 38 84.4 576 2 Q7TZV7_MYCBO Q7tzv7_mycobacteri 18 38 84.4 1110 2 Q75615_ASHGO Q75615_ashbya goss 19 38 84.4 1110 2 Q75615_ASHGO Q75615_ashbya goss 19 38 84.4 2378 2 Q813U0_PLAF7 20 38 84.4 2378 2 Q813U0_PLAF7 21 37 82.2 71 2 Q775Z3_CAMPS Q775Z3_camelpox vi 22 37 82.2 71 2 Q8VZX5_CAMPM Q8VZX5_camelpox vi 23 37 82.2 232 2 Q481821_LACPL Q4821_lactobacill 25 37 82.2 312 Q88ZX5_CAMPM Q8VZX5_camelpox vi 24 37 82.2 322 Q481821_LACPL Q46821_lactobacill 25 37 82.2 348 2 Q66F44_CANGA Q6ff44_candida_gla 26 37 82.2 402 2 Q8ET06_OCEIH Q8et06_oceanobacil 27 37 82.2 412 Q76F44_CANGA Q6ff44_candida_gla 29 37 82.2 341 1 QUEA_LACLA Q9cfa6_lactobacill 25 37 82.2 341 1 QUEA_LACLA Q9cfa6_lactobacill 26 37 82.2 412 Q6F844_CANGA Q6ff44_candida_gla 29 37 82.2 341 1 QUEA_LACLA Q9cfa6_lactobacill 31 36 80.0 323 2 Q6FR14_CDID Q5615_Plactill 32 36 80.0 323 2 Q6FR14_CDID Q5616_D141_lillillillillillillillillillillillillil		. -					
3 39 86.7 186 2 Q899GB CLOTE Q899GB Clostridium 4 39 86.7 867 2 Q85ZET_DROME Q85ZET drosophila 5 39 86.7 941 2 Q9VXA2 DROME Q9VXA2 drosophila 6 38 84.4 133 2 Q7RQSO PLAYO Q7rqsO plasmodium 7 38 84.4 395 2 Q57CX2_BRUAB Q57CX2 brucella ab 9 38 84.4 395 2 Q57CX2_BRUAB Q57CX2 brucella ab 10 38 84.4 395 2 Q8GODL_BRUSU Q89dOl brucella su 11 38 84.4 395 2 Q8GODL_BRUSU Q89dOl brucella su 11 38 84.4 441 2 Q82ABT_STRAW Q82abT streptomyce 12 38 84.4 441 2 Q82ABT_STRAW Q82abT streptomyce 12 38 84.4 441 2 Q95ZS5_STRCO Q	1	45	100.0	178	1	FIBH_BOMMA	Q99050 bombyx mand
4 39 86.7 861 2 Q8YZAZ_DROME Q9vxa2 drosophila 5 39 86.7 941 2 Q9VXAZ_DROME Q9vxa2 drosophila 6 38 84.4 133 2 Q7RQSO_PLAYO Q7rqsO plasmodium 7 38 84.4 395 2 Q5TCX2_BRUAB Q57cx2 brucella ab 9 38 84.4 395 2 Q8GDI_BRUSU Q8gOdI brucella su 10 38 84.4 395 2 Q8THIL_BRUME Q8yhil brucella su 11 38 84.4 395 2 Q8TEST_STREW Q82ab7 streptomyce 12 38 84.4 446 2 Q9S2S5_STRCO Q98285 streptomyce 13 38 84.4 446 2 Q9S2S5_STRCO Q98285 streptomyce 13 38 84.4 461 2 Q9F2FS_STRCO Q98285 streptomyce 13 38 84.4 576 2 Q7T2VT_MYCEO Q7tzv7	2	45	100.0	5263	1	FIBH_BOMMO	P05790 bombyx mori
5 39 86.7 941 2 Q9YXAZ_DROME	3	39	86.7	186	2	Q899G8_CLOTE	Q899g8 clostridium
6 38 84.4 133 2 Q7RQSO_PLAYO Q7TqSO plasmodium 7 38 84.4 382 2 Q512UZ_ENTHI Q512UZ entamoeba h 8 38 84.4 395 2 Q57CX2 BRUAB Q57Cx2 brucella ab 9 38 84.4 395 2 Q8GOD1 BRUSU Q8gOd1 brucella su 10 38 84.4 395 2 Q8YHII_BRUME Q8yhiI brucella me 11 38 84.4 441 2 Q82AB7_STRAW Q82ab7 streptomyce 12 38 84.4 441 2 Q82AB7_STRAW Q82ab7 streptomyce 12 38 84.4 446 2 Q952S5_STRCO Q952S5_STRCO Q952S5_STREPtomyce 13 38 84.4 448 2 Q5BA42_EMENI Q5ba42_appergillue 14 38 84.4 448 2 Q5BA42_EMENI Q5ba42_appergillue 14 38 84.4 481 2 Q69HQ9_CIOIN Q69Hq9_ciona_intes 15 38 84.4 576 2 Q6117_MYCTU Q06137_mycobacteri 16 38 84.4 576 2 Q7TZV7_MYCBO Q7tzv7_mycobacteri 17 38 84.4 576 2 Q7TZV7_MYCBO Q7tzv7_mycobacteri 18 38 84.4 1110 2 Q75615_ASHGO Q75615_ashbya goss 19 38 84.4 1110 2 Q75615_ASHGO Q75615_ashbya goss 19 38 84.4 1110 2 Q75515_ASHGO Q75615_ashbya goss 19 38 84.4 1474 2 Q6F2F8_ORYSA Q6f2f8 C7y2a_striptomyce 12 37 82.2 71 2 Q77523_CAMPS Q77523_camelpox vi 23 37 82.2 71 2 Q77523_CAMPS Q77523_camelpox vi 23 37 82.2 71 2 Q8V2X5_CAMPM Q8v2X5_camelpox vi 23 37 82.2 232 2 Q04138_PLACT Q04138_lactococcus 24 37 82.2 345 1 QUEA_LACLA Q9cfa6 lactococcus 26 37 82.2 402 2 Q8ET06_OCEIH Q8et06_cceanobacil 27 37 82.2 1416 1 BLM_MCUSE Q8ET06_CEIH Q8et06_cceanobacil 27 37 82.2 1416 1 BLM_MCUSE Q8ET06_CEIH Q8et06_cceanobacil 29 37 82.2 1416 1 BLM_MCUSE Q8ET06_CEIH Q8et06_cceanobacil 29 37 82.2 1416 1 BLM_MCUSE Q8ET06_CEIH Q8et06_cceanobacil 31 36 80.0 500 2 Q5FLN9_LACAC Q5Fjny_lactobacill 34 36 80.0 550 2 Q5FLN9_LACAC Q5Fjny_lactobacill 34 36 80.0 557 2 Q5NM4_TREDE Q477x9_geobacter s 33 36 80.0 557 2 Q5NM4_TREDE Q477x9_geobacter s 34 36 80.0 557 2 Q5NM4_TREDE Q477x9_geobacter s 36 80.0 687 2 Q4YVU_PLABE Q4YVU_plabe Q4YVU_plasmodium 38 36 80.0 876 2 Q75NU_PLABE Q4YVU_plasmodium 38 36 80.0 875 2 Q74TAP_LACAC Q42TAP_D1CDI Q54147_dictyosteli 39 36 80.0 876 2 Q75NU_PLABE Q4YVU_plasmodium 38 36 80.0 876 2 Q75NU_PLABE Q4YVU_plasmodium 38 36 80.0 876 2 Q75NU_PLABE Q4YVU_plasmodium 38 35 77.8 133 2 Q4X7AD_PLACH Q477aO_plasmodium 39 35 77.8 133 2 Q4X7AD_PLABE Q	4	39	86.7	867	2	Q8SZE7_DROME	Q8sze7 drosophila
7 38 84.4 382 2 Q512UZ_ENTHI Q512UZ_Entamoeba h 8 38 84.4 395 2 Q57CXZ_BRUAB Q57CXZ_BRUAB 9 38 84.4 395 2 Q8GOD1_BRUSU Q8gOd1 brucella ab 10 38 84.4 395 2 Q8GOD1_BRUSU Q8gOd1 brucella su 11 38 84.4 441 2 Q82AB7_STRAW Q82Ab7 streptomyce 12 38 84.4 446 2 Q952S5_STRCO Q982S5 streptomyce 13 38 84.4 448 2 Q5BA42_EMENI Q50A42 aspergillus 14 38 84.4 448 2 Q5BA42_EMENI Q50A42 aspergillus 14 38 84.4 448 1 2 Q69HQ9_CIOIN Q69hq9 ciona intes 15 38 84.4 576 2 Q05137_MYCTU Q06137_mycobacteri 16 38 84.4 576 2 Q7TZV7_MYCBO Q7tZV7_mycobacteri 17 38 84.4 576 2 Q7TZV7_MYCBO Q7tZV7_mycobacteri 18 38 84.4 576 2 Q75D44_ENTHI Q50pu4 entamoeba h 18 38 84.4 1110 2 Q75615_ASHGO Q75615_ashbya goss 19 38 84.4 1110 2 Q75615_ASHGO Q75615_ashbya goss 19 38 84.4 1274 2 Q6F2F8_ORYSA Q6f2f8 oryza sativ 20 38 84.4 2378 2 Q813U0_PLAF7 Q813U0 plasmodium 21 37 82.2 71 2 Q77523_CAMPS Q77523_camelpox vi 22 37 82.2 71 2 Q8VZX5_CAMPM Q8VZX5_camelpox vi 23 37 82.2 232 2 Q48821_LACPL Q4138_lactococcus 24 37 82.2 232 2 Q48821_LACPL Q4821_lactobacill 25 37 82.2 232 2 Q48821_LACPL Q4821_lactobacill 26 37 82.2 418 2 Q26662_STRPU Q26662_strongyloce 28 37 82.2 418 2 Q26662_STRPU Q26662_strongyloce 28 37 82.2 418 2 Q6F264_CSTRPU Q26662_strongyloce 28 37 82.2 418 2 Q26662_STRPU Q26662_strongyloce 28 37 82.2 418 2 Q26662_STRPU Q26662_strongyloce 28 37 82.2 418 2 Q26F24_CDCIH Q8et06_oceanobacil 29 37 82.2 418 2 Q26F24_CDCH Q8et06_oceanobacil 31 36 80.0 309 2 Q5FJN9_LACAC Q5fjn9_lactobacill 32 36 80.0 309 2 Q5FJN9_LACAC Q5fjn9_lactobacill 33 36 80.0 554 2 Q73MY4_TREDE Q617t6_photobacter 33 36 80.0 554 2 Q73MY4_TREDE Q47V10_PLABE 34 36 80.0 876 2 Q75MY4_TREDE Q47V10_PLABE 35 36 80.0 876 2 Q75MY4_TREDE Q47V10_PLABE 36 80.0 876 2 Q75MY4_TREDE Q47V10_PLABE 37 37 88 28 2 Q4FMP3_CAMLA 38 36 80.0 875 2 Q4TMY2_TEARLA 39 36 80.0 876 2 Q47V10_PLABE 39 378 278 279C05000	5	39	86.7	941	2	Q9VXA2_DROME	Q9vxa2 drosophila
8 38 84.4 395 2 Q57CX2_BRUAB Q57Cx2 brucella ab 9 38 84.4 395 2 Q8GDI_BRUSU Q8gOdI brucella su 10 38 84.4 395 2 Q8YHII_BRUME Q8yhii brucella su 11 38 84.4 441 2 Q82AB7_STRAW Q82ab7 streptomyce 12 38 84.4 446 2 Q952S5_STRCO Q932S5 streptomyce 13 38 84.4 446 2 Q952S5_STRCO Q932S5 streptomyce 13 38 84.4 448 2 Q69HQ9_CIOIN Q69hq9 ciona intes 14 38 84.4 481 2 Q69HQ9_CIOIN Q69hq9 ciona intes 15 38 84.4 576 2 Q7TEV7_MYCEO Q7tzV7_mycobacteri 16 38 84.4 576 2 Q7TEV7_MYCEO Q7tzV7_mycobacteri 17 38 84.4 576 2 Q7TEV7_MYCEO Q7tzV7_mycobacteri 18 38 84.4 576 2 Q5TEV7_MYCEO Q7tzV7_mycobacteri 19 38 84.4 1110 2 Q756I5_ASHGO Q756i5_aShbya goss 19 38 84.4 1474 2 Q6F2F8_GRYSA Q6f2f8_Gryza_sativ 20 38 84.4 1474 2 Q6F2F8_GRYSA Q6f2f8_Gryza_sativ 20 38 84.4 1474 2 Q6F2F8_GRYSA Q6f2f8_Gryza_sativ 21 37 82.2 71 2 Q775Z3_CAMPS Q775Z3_camelpox vi 22 37 82.2 71 2 Q775Z3_CAMPS Q775Z3_camelpox vi 22 37 82.2 71 2 Q8VZX5_CAMPM Q8v2X5_camelpox vi 22 37 82.2 232 2 Q48821_LACPL Q48821_lactobacill 25 37 82.2 345 1 QUER_LACLA Q9cfa6_lactococcus 24 37 82.2 345 1 QUER_LACLA Q9cfa6_lactococcus 26 37 82.2 402 2 Q8ET06_OCEIH Q8et06_oceanobacil 27 37 82.2 418 2 Q26662_STRPU Q26662_Strongyloce 28 37 82.2 923 2 Q747X5_GEOSL Q747X9_geobacter s 30 37 82.2 1416 1 BLM_MOUSE Q8ET06_OCEIH Q8et06_oceanobacil 31 36 80.0 309 2 Q5FJNP_LACAC Q5fjnp_lactobacill 32 36 80.0 309 2 Q5FJNP_LACAC Q5fjnp_lactobacill 34 36 80.0 550 2 Q54L47_DICDI Q54147_dictyosteli 34 36 80.0 550 2 Q54L47_DICDI Q54147_dictyosteli 34 36 80.0 557 2 Q5JNMY4_TREDE Q4yvu0_plasmodium 38 36 80.0 687 2 Q4YVU0_PLABE Q4yvu0_plasmodium 39 36 80.0 876 2 Q75JNY4_TREDE Q4yvu0_plasmodium 39 36 80.0 875 2 Q4TOYL0_PLABE Q4yvu0_plasmodium 39 36 80.0 876 2 Q75JNY4_TREDE Q4yvu0_plasmodium 39 36 80.0 875 2 Q4TOYL0_PLABE Q4yvu0_plasmodium 39 36 80.0 875 2 Q4TOYL0_PLABE Q4yvu0_plasmodium 39 36 80.0 875 2 Q4TOYL0_PLABE Q4yvu0_plasmodium 34 35 77.8 133 2 Q4WATA_PLACH Q4V	6	38	84.4	133	2	Q7RQS0 PLAYO	Q7rqs0 plasmodium
8 38 84.4 395 2 Q57CX2 BRUAB Q57CX2 brucella ab 9 38 84.4 395 2 Q8GODI_BRUSU Q8gOdI brucella su 10 38 84.4 395 2 Q8GODI_BRUSU Q8gOdI brucella su 11 38 84.4 441 2 Q82AB7_STRAW Q82ab7 streptomyce 12 38 84.4 446 2 Q9S2S5_STRCO Q9S2S5 streptomyce 13 38 84.4 446 2 Q9S2S5_STRCO Q9S2S5 streptomyce 13 38 84.4 448 2 Q65HQ9_CIOIN Q69hq9 ciona intes 14 38 84.4 481 2 Q69HQ9_CIOIN Q69hq9 ciona intes 15 38 84.4 576 2 Q7TZV7_MYCBO Q7tzv7_mycobacteri 16 38 84.4 576 2 Q7TZV7_MYCBO Q7tzv7_mycobacteri 17 38 84.4 576 2 Q7TZV7_MYCBO Q7tzv7_mycobacteri 18 38 84.4 576 2 Q5PS4_ENTHI Q50pu4 entamoeba h 18 38 84.4 1110 2 Q75615_ASHGO Q75615_ashbya goss 19 38 84.4 1474 2 Q6F2F8_ORYSA Q6f2f8_oryza_sativ 20 38 84.4 1474 2 Q6F2F8_ORYSA Q6f2f8_oryza_sativ 20 38 84.4 1474 2 Q87S52_CAMPS Q77523_camelpox_vi 22 37 82.2 71 2 Q77523_CAMPS Q77523_camelpox_vi 22 37 82.2 71 2 Q77523_CAMPS Q77523_camelpox_vi 22 37 82.2 71 2 Q8VZX5_CAMPM Q8v25_Camelpox_vi 23 37 82.2 232 2 Q48821_LACPL Q48821_lactobaccill 25 37 82.2 232 2 Q48821_LACPL Q48821_lactobaccill 25 37 82.2 345 1 QUBA_LACLA Q9cfa6_lactococcus 24 37 82.2 345 1 QUBA_LACLA Q9cfa6_lactococcus 26 37 82.2 402 2 Q8ET06_OCEIH Q8et06_oceanobacil 27 37 82.2 418 2 Q26662_STRPU Q26662_Strongyloce 28 37 82.2 923 2 Q747X5_GEOSL Q747X9_geobacter s 30 37 82.2 1416 1 BLM_MOUSE O88700 mus musculu 31 36 80.0 309 2 Q5FINP_LACAC Q5fjn9_lactobacill 32 36 80.0 309 2 Q5FINP_LACAC Q5fjn9_lactobacill 34 36 80.0 557 2 Q5INZ1_ENTHI Q5122! entamoeba h 37 36 80.0 557 2 Q5INZ1_ENTHI Q5122! entamoeba h 37 36 80.0 687 2 Q4YVU_PLABE Q	7	38	84.4	382	2	Q512U2 ENTHI	Q512u2 entamoeba h
10	8	38	84.4	395	2	Q57CX2_BRUAB	Q57cx2 brucella ab
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12 38 84.4 446 2 Q9S2SS_STRCO Q9S2SS_STRCO 13 38 84.4 448 2 Q5BA42_EMENI Q5ba42_aspergillus 14 38 84.4 481 2 Q69HQ9_CIOIN Q69hq9_ciona_intes 15 38 84.4 576 2 Q06137_MYCTU 006137_mycobacteri 16 38 84.4 576 2 Q7TZV7_MYCBO Q7tzV7_mycobacteri 17 38 84.4 585 2 Q5DPU4_ENTHI Q50pu4_entamoeba_h 18 38 84.4 1110 2 Q75615_ASHGO Q75615_ashbya_goss 19 38 84.4 1110 2 Q75615_ASHGO Q75615_ashbya_goss 19 38 84.4 1474 2 Q6F2F8_ORYSA Q6f2f8_cryza_sativ 20 38 84.4 1474 2 Q6F2F8_ORYSA Q6f2f8_cryza_sativ 21 37 82.2 71 2 Q77523_CAMPS Q77523_camelpox_vi 22 37 82.2 71 2 Q813U0_PLAF7 Q813u0_plasmodium 21 37 82.2 71 2 Q8V2X5_CAMPM Q8v2x5_camelpox_vi 22 37 82.2 71 2 Q8V2X5_CAMPM Q8v2x5_camelpox_vi 23 37 82.2 232 2 Q4138_9LACT Q04138_lactococcus 24 37 82.2 232 2 Q48821_LACPL Q48821_lactobaccull 25 37 82.2 345 1 QUEA_LACLA Q9cfa6_lactococcus 26 37 82.2 345 1 QUEA_LACLA Q9cfa6_lactococcus 26 37 82.2 402 2 Q8ET06_OCEIH Q8et06_oceanobacil 27 37 82.2 418 2 Q26662_STRPU Q2662_Strongyloce 28 37 82.2 482 2 Q6FR44_CANGA Q6fr44_candida_gla 29 37 82.2 418 2 Q26662_STRPU Q2662_Strongyloce 28 37 82.2 923 2 Q747X9_GEOSL Q747x9_geobacter_s 30 37 82.2 1416 1 BLM_MOUSE Q88700 mus musculu 31 36 80.0 309 2 Q5FJN9_LACAC Q5fjn9_lactobacil1 32 36 80.0 323 2 Q6LRT6_PHOPR Q61rt6_photobacter 33 36 80.0 5515 2 Q55MB6_BACLD Q65mb6_bacillus_li 34 36 80.0 5554 2 Q73MY4_TREDE Q73my4_treponema_d 36 36 80.0 5554 2 Q73MY4_TREDE Q73my4_treponema_d 37 36 80.0 687 2 Q4YU0_PLABE Q4yvu0_plasmodium 38 36 80.0 876 2 Q4YU0_PLABE Q4yvu0_plasmodium 38 36 80.0 876 2 Q4YU0_PLABE Q4yvu0_plasmodium 40 36 80.0 979 2 Q4HMP3_CAMLA Q4hmp3_campylobact 41 36 80.0 1445 2 Q5CPT3_CRYPV Q5cpt3_cryptospori 42 35 77.8 113 2 Q4X7A0_PLACH Q4yv1_plasmodium 44 35 77.8 113 2 Q4X7A0_PLACH Q4yv1_plasmodium	11	38	84.4	441	2		
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16 38 84.4 576 2 Q7TZV7_MYCBO Q7tzv7 mycobacteri 17 38 84.4 585 2 Q50PU4 ENTHI Q50pu4 entamoeba h 18 38 84.4 1110 2 Q756I5_ASHGO Q756I5 ashbya goss 19 38 84.4 11474 2 Q6F2F8 ORYSA Q6f2I8 oryza sativ 20 38 84.4 2378 2 Q8I3U0_PLAF7 Q8i3u0 plasmodium 21 37 82.2 71 2 Q775Z3 CAMPS Q775Z3 camelpox vi 22 37 82.2 71 2 Q8V2X5_CAMPM Q8v2x5 camelpox vi 23 37 82.2 232 2 Q4138 PLACT Q04138 lactococcus 24 37 82.2 232 2 Q48821_LACPL Q48821 lactococcus 26 37 82.2 345 1 QUEA LACLA Q9cfa6 lactococcus 26 37 82.2 418 2 Q26662_STRPU Q26662 strongyloce	15	38	84.4	576	2		
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22 37 82.2 71 2 Q8V2X5_CAMPM Q8v2x5 camelpox vi 23 37 82.2 232 2 Q04138_9LACT Q04138 lactococcus 24 37 82.2 232 2 Q48821_LACPL Q48821 lactobacill 25 37 82.2 345 1 QUEA_LACLA Q9cfa6 lactococcus 26 37 82.2 402 2 Q8ET06_OCEIH Q8et06 oceanobacil 27 37 82.2 418 2 Q26662_STRPU Q26662 strongyloce 28 37 82.2 418 2 Q26672_STRPU Q26682 Strongyloce 30 37 82.2 1416 1 BLM_MOU					2		
23 37 82.2 232 2 Q04138_9LACT Q04138 lactococcus 24 37 82.2 232 2 Q48821_LACPL Q48821 lactobacill 25 37 82.2 345 1 QUEA_LACLA Q9cfa6 lactococcus 26 37 82.2 402 2 Q8ET06_OCEIH Q8et06 oceanobacil 27 37 82.2 418 2 Q26662_STRPU Q26662 strongyloce 28 37 82.2 842 2 Q6FR44_CANGA Q6fr44 candida gla 29 37 82.2 842 2 Q6FR44_CANGA Q6fr44 candida gla 29 37 82.2 923 2 Q747X9_GEOSL Q747x9 geobacter s 30 37 82.2 1416 1 BLM_MOUSE O88700 mus musculu 31 36 80.0 309 2 Q5FJN9_LACAC Q5fjn9 lactobacill 32 36 80.0 323 2 Q6LRT6_PHOPR Q6lrt6_photobacter 33 36 80.0 500 2 Q54L47_DICDI Q54147_dictyosteli 34 36 80.0 515 2 Q65MB6_BACLD Q65mb6_bacillus li 35 36 80.0 554 2 Q73MY4_TREDE Q73my4_treponema d 36 86 80.0 557 2 Q51A21_ENTHI Q51a21_entamoeba h 37 36 80.0 876 2 Q4YVU0_PLABE Q4yvu0_plasmodium 38 36 80.0 876 2 Q4YVU0_PLABE Q4yvu0_plasmodium Q6 80.0 979 2 Q4HMP3_CAMLA Q4hmp3_campylobact 41 36 80.0 1445 2 Q5CPT3_CRYPV Q5cpt3_cryptospori 42 35 77.8 117 2 Q92GJ6_RICCN Q92gj6_rickettsia 43 35 77.8 113 2 Q4YW10_PLABE Q4yw10_plasmodium Q4x7a0_plasmodium Q44 35 77.8 133 2 Q4YW10_PLABE Q4yw11_plasmodium Q4x7a0_plasmodium Q4x7a0							
24 37 82.2 232 2 Q48821_LACPL Q48821 lactobacill 25 37 82.2 345 1 QUEA_LACLA Q9cfa6 lactococcus 26 37 82.2 402 2 Q8ET06_OCEIH Q8et06 oceanobacil 27 37 82.2 418 2 Q26662_STRPU Q26662 strongyloce 28 37 82.2 842 2 Q6FR44_CANGA Q6fr44 candida gla 29 37 82.2 923 2 Q747X9_GEOSL Q747X9 geobacter s 30 37 82.2 1416 1 BLM_MOUSE O88700 mus musculu 31 36 80.0 309 2 Q5FJN9_LACAC Q5fjn9 lactobacill 32 36 80.0 323 2 Q6LRT6_PHOPR Q61rt6 photobacter 33 36 80.0 323 2 Q65MB6_BACLD Q65mb6 bacillus li 34 36 80.0 515 2 Q65MB6_BACLD Q65mb6 bacillus li 35 36 80.0 557 2 Q51AZ1_ENTHI Q51az1 entamoeba h 37 36 80.0 557 2 Q51AZ1_ENTHI Q51az1 entamoeba h	23	37	82.2				-
25	24	37				—	
26	25	37			1	****	
27 37 82.2 418 2 Q26662_STRPU Q26662_strongyloce 28 37 82.2 842 2 Q6FR44_CANGA Q6fr44_candida_gla 29 37 82.2 923 2 Q747X9_GEOSL Q747X9_geobacter_s 30 37 82.2 1416 1 BLM_MOUSE O88700 mus_musculu 31 36 80.0 309 2 Q5FJN9_LACAC Q5fjn9_lactobacill 32 36 80.0 323 2 Q6LRT6_PHOPR Q6lrt6_photobacter 33 36 80.0 500 2 Q54L47_DICDI Q54147_dictyosteli 34 36 80.0 515 2 Q65MB6_BACLD Q65mb6_bacillus_li 35 36 80.0 554 2 Q73MY4_TREDE Q73my4_treponema_d 36 36 80.0 557 2 Q51AZ1_ENTHI Q51az1_entamoeba_h 37 36 80.0 687 2 Q4YVU0_PLABE Q4yvu0_plasmodium 38 36 80.0 876 2 Q75JU2_DICDI Q75jU2_dictyosteli 39 36 80.0 895 2 Q4T021_TETNG Q4t021_tetraodon_n 40 36 80.0 979 2 Q4HMP3_CAMLA Q4hmp3_campylobact 41 36 80.0 1445 2 Q5CPT3_CRYPV Q5cpt3_cryptospori 42 35 77.8 117 2 Q92GJ6_RICCN Q92gj6_rickettsia 43 35 77.8 133 2 Q4YWR1_PLABE Q4ywr1_plasmodium	26	37			2		
28	27	37			2		
29 37 82.2 923 2 Q747X9 GEOSL Q747X9 geobacter s 30 37 82.2 1416 1 BLM MOUSE O88700 mus musculu 31 36 80.0 309 2 Q5FJN9 LACAC Q5fjn9 lactobacill 32 36 80.0 323 2 Q6LRT6 PHOPR Q6lrt6 photobacter 33 36 80.0 500 2 Q54L47 DICDI Q54147 dictyosteli 34 36 80.0 515 2 Q65MB6 BACLD Q65mb6 bacillus li 35 36 80.0 554 2 Q73MY4 TREDE Q73my4 treponema d 36 36 80.0 557 2 Q51AZ1 ENTHI Q51aZ1 entamoeba h 37 36 80.0 687 2 Q4YVU0 PLABE Q4yvu0 plasmodium 38 36 80.0 876 2 Q75JU2 DICDI Q75ju2 dictyosteli 39 36 80.0 895 2 Q4T021 TETNG Q4t021 tetraodon n 40 36 80.0 979 2 Q4HMP3 CAMLA Q4hmp3 campylobact 41 36 80.0 1445 2 Q5CPT3 CRYPV Q5cpt3 cryptospori 42 35 77.8 117 2 Q92GJ6 RICCN Q92gj6 rickettsia 43 35 77.8 133 2 Q4X7A0 PLACH Q4x7a0 plasmodium 44 35 77.8 133 2 Q4YWR1 PLABE Q4ywr1 plasmodium	28	37					
30	29	37	82.2	923	2	_	
31	30	37			1	<u>—</u>	
32	31	36	80.0	309	2	—	
33 36 80.0 500 2 Q54L47_DICDI Q54147 dictyosteli 34 36 80.0 515 2 Q65MB6_BACLD Q65mb6 bacillus li 35 36 80.0 554 2 Q73MY4_TREDE Q73my4 treponema d 36 36 80.0 557 2 Q51AZ1_ENTHI Q51az1 entamoeba h 37 36 80.0 687 2 Q4YVU0_PLABE Q4yvu0 plasmodium 38 36 80.0 876 2 Q75JU2_DICDI Q75ju2 dictyosteli 39 36 80.0 895 2 Q4T021_TETNG Q4t021 tetraodon n 40 36 80.0 979 2 Q4HMP3_CAMLA Q4hmp3 campylobact 41 36 80.0 1445 2 Q5CPT3_CRYPV Q5cpt3 cryptospori 42 35 77.8 117 2 Q92GJ6_RICCN Q92gj6 rickettsia 43 35 77.8 133 2 Q4X7A0_PLACH Q4x7a0 plasmodium 44 35 77.8 133 2 Q4YWR1_PLABE Q4ywr1 plasmodium	32	36	80.0	323	2		•
34	33	36	80.0	500	2	<u> </u>	
35	34	36	80.0	515	2	<u>–</u>	-
36	35	36	80.0		2	_	
37	36	36	80.0	557	2		
38	37	36	80.0	687	2	Q4YVU0 PLABE	
39	38	36	80.0	876	2	Q75JU2 DICDI	
40	39	36	80.0	895	2	Q4T021 TETNG	
41 36 80.0 1445 2 Q5CPT3_CRYPV Q5cpt3 cryptospori 42 35 77.8 117 2 Q92GJ6_RICCN Q92gj6 rickettsia 43 35 77.8 133 2 Q4X7A0_PLACH Q4x7a0_plasmodium 44 35 77.8 133 2 Q4YWR1_PLABE Q4ywr1_plasmodium	40	36	80.0	979	2		
42 35 77.8 117 2 Q92GJ6_RICCN Q92gj6 rickettsia 43 35 77.8 133 2 Q4X7A0_PLACH Q4x7a0 plasmodium 44 35 77.8 133 2 Q4YWR1_PLABE Q4ywr1 plasmodium	41	36			2		
43 35 77.8 133 2 Q4X7A0_PLACH Q4x7a0 plasmodium 44 35 77.8 133 2 Q4YWR1_PLABE Q4ywr1 plasmodium	42	35	77.8		2	Q92GJ6_RICCN	
44 35 77.8 133 2 Q4YWR1_PLABE Q4ywr1 plasmodium	43	35	77.8	133	2	Q4X7A0_PLACH	
		35		133	2	Q4YWR1_PLABE	
	45	35	77.8	134	1	DC4C_ACIAD	P20370 acinetobact

RESULT 1

FIBH_BOMMA
ID FIBH_BOMMA STANDARD; PRT; 178 AA.
AC Q99050;

```
DT
     16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Created)
DT
     16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last sequence update)
DT
     10-MAY-2005 (Rel. 47, Last annotation update)
     Fibroin heavy chain precursor (Fib-H) (H-fibroin) (Fragment).
DE
GN
     Name=FIBH;
OS
     Bombyx mandarina (Wild silk moth) (Wild silkworm).
OC
     Eukaryota; Metazoa; Arthropoda; Hexapoda; Insecta; Pterygota;
OC
     Neoptera; Endopterygota; Lepidoptera; Glossata; Ditrysia; Bombycoidea;
OC
     Bombycidae; Bombyx.
OX
     NCBI TaxID=7092;
RN
     [1]
RΡ
     NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RC
     TISSUE=Posterior silk gland;
RA
     Kusuda J., Tazima Y., Onimaru K., Ninaki O., Suzuki Y.;
RT
     "The sequence around the 5' end of the fibroin gene from the wild
     silkworm, Bombyx mandarina, and comparison with that of the
RT
RT
     domesticated species, B. mori.";
RL
    Mol. Gen. Genet. 203:359-364(1986).
CC
     -!- FUNCTION: Core component of the silk filament; a strong, insoluble
CC
        and chemically inert fiber.
CC
     -!- SUBUNIT: Silk fibroin elementary unit consists in a disulfide-
CC
        linked heavy and light chain and a p25 glycoprotein in molar
CC
        ratios of 6:6:1. This results in a complex of approximately 2.3
CC
CC
     -!- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: Produced exclusively in the posterior (PSG)
CC
        section of silk glands, which are essentially modified salivary
CC
CC
     -!- DOMAIN: Composed of antiparallel beta sheets. The strands of the
CC
        beta sheets run parallel to the fiber axis. Long stretches of silk
CC
        fibroin are composed of microcrystalline arrays of (-Gly-Ser-Gly-
CC
        Ala-Gly-Ala-)n interrupted by regions containing bulkier residues.
CC
        The fiber is composed of microcrystalline arrays alternating with
CC
        amorphous regions.
    -!- PTM: The interchain disulfide bridge is essential for the
CC
CC
        intracellular transport and secretion of fibroin.
     ------
CC
    This Swiss-Prot entry is copyright. It is produced through a collaboration
CC
CC
    between the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics and the EMBL outstation -
CC
    the European Bioinformatics Institute. There are no restrictions on its
    use as long as its content is in no way modified and this statement is not
CC
CC
    removed.
     -----
CC
    EMBL; X03973; CAA27612.1; -; Genomic_DNA.
DR
    Repeat; Signal; Silk.
KW
FT
    SIGNAL
                1
                     21
                               Potential.
FT
    CHAIN
                22
                     >178
                               Fibroin heavy chain.
FT
    REGION
               149 >178
                               Highly repetitive.
    CONFLICT
FT
               10
                      10
                               C -> V (in Ref. 1; CAA27612).
    NON TER
FT
               178
                      178
SO
    SEQUENCE 178 AA; 18326 MW; 8E15C7E7A9682940 CRC64;
 Query Match
                        100.0%; Score 45; DB 1; Length 178;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.2;
 Matches 8; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps
                                                                       0;
Qу
           1 NINDFDED 8
```

Search completed: December 2, 2005, 09:33:08 Job time : 171.857 secs

GenCore version 5.1.6 Copyright (c) 1993 - 2005 Compugen Ltd.

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

(without alignments)

December 2, 2005, 09:25:07; Search time 112.714 Seconds

23.389 Million cell updates/sec

Title:

Run on:

US-10-789-494B-6

Perfect score: 34

Sequence:

1 DEYVDN 6

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched:

2443163 seqs, 439378781 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters:

2443163

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

A_Geneseq_21:*

1: geneseqp1980s:*

2: geneseqp1990s:*

3: geneseqp2000s:*

4: geneseqp2001s:*

5: geneseqp2002s:*

6: geneseqp2003as:*

7: geneseqp2003bs:*

8: geneseqp2004s:*

9: geneseqp2005s:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

Result No.	Score	% Query Match	Length	DB	ID	Description
1	34	100.0	6	8	ADU51236	Adu51236 Gut silkw
2	34	100.0	6	8	ADU51210	Adu51210 Silkworm
3	34	100.0	120	8	ADU51171	Adu51171 Gut silkw
4	34	100.0	126	8	ADK48385	Adk48385 Streptoco
5	34	100.0	126	8	ADR94878	Adr94878 Novel S.
6	34	100.0	126	9	AEA58748	Aea58748 Streptoco
7	34	100.0	383	4	AAG82666	Aag82666 S. epider
8	34	100.0	383	6	ABJ19176	Abj19176 Pathogen
8	34	100.0	383	б	ABJ19176	Abj19176 Pathoge

```
9
       34 100.0
                    384 5 ABP38592
                                                     Abp38592 Staphyloc
10
       34 100.0
                    384 8 ADS06341
                                                     Ads06341 Staphyloc
       34
          100.0
                    568 3 AAB18230
11
                                                     Aab18230 Plasmodiu
          100.0
12
       34
                   2368 4 AAU34139
                                                     Aau34139 Staphyloc
13
       34
          100.0
                   2368
                           AAU36796
                         4
                                                     Aau36796 Staphyloc
                         7 ADO59401
14
       34
          100.0
                   2655
                                                     Ado59401 Antheraea
15
       31
           91.2
                   172 8 ADO61859
                                                    Ado61859 Transcrip
16
       31
            91.2
                    275 8 ADF93905
                                                    Adf93905 Carotene
17
       31
            91.2
                    346 4 ABG29210
                                                     Abg29210 Novel hum
18
            91.2
                    354 2 AAW21994
       31
                                                     Aaw21994 Tetracycl
                    554 8 ADI79890
19
       31
            91.2
                                                    Adi79890 Mouse liv
20
            91.2
       31
                    567 3 AAY59507
                                                     Aay59507 C. elegan
21
       31
            91.2
                    567 3 AAB03667
                                                     Aab03667 Nematode
22
       31
            91.2
                    567 8 ADN23284
                                                     Adn23284 Bacterial
                           ADQ48555
23
       31
            91.2
                    582 8
                                                     Adq48555 AcMPNV IE
24
       31
            91.2
                    597 8 ADN23283
                                                     Adn23283 Bacterial
25
       31
            91.2
                    704
                         3
                           AAY91091
                                                     Aay91091 Caenorhab
26
       31
            91.2
                    704
                            AAY59506
                                                     Aay59506 C. elegan
27
       31
            91.2
                    704 5 ABB90799
                                                     Abb90799 Herbicida
28
       31
            91.2
                    704 8 ADN23282
                                                     Adn23282 Bacterial
29
       31
            91.2
                    713 2 AAR99797
                                                     Aar99797 Lysine de
30
       31
            91.2
                    713 8 ADN18055
                                                     Adn18055 Bacterial
31
       31
            91.2
                    789 8 ADL70332
                                                     Adl70332 Crenarcha
32
                    983 8
       31
            91.2
                           ADX67859
                                                     Adx67859 Plant ful
33
            91.2 1268 8
       31
                           ADF93901
                                                    Adf93901 Carotene
34
       30
            88.2
                    99 3
                           AAG15954
                                                   Aag15954 Arabidops
35
       30
            88.2
                    152 3
                            AAG15953
                                                   Aag15953 Arabidops
                    153 3 AAG15952
36
       30
            88.2
                                                    Aag15952 Arabidops
                           ABO72159
37
       30
            88.2
                    209 7
                                                     Abo72159 Pseudomon
38
       30
            88.2
                    226 6
                           ADB09735
                                                     Adb09735 Alloiococ
39
       30
            88.2
                    325
                            AAW47420
                                                    Aaw47420 Micrococc
40
       30
            88.2
                    467
                        5
                            AAE23627
                                                    Aae23627 Lactococc
41
       30
            88.2
                    468 6
                           ABU46827
                                                    Abu46827 Protein e
42
       30
            88.2
                    468 6 ABU46068
                                                    Abu46068 Protein e
43
       30
            88.2
                    468 8 ADR83959
                                                    Adr83959 S. pyogen
44
       30
            88.2
                    468 8 ADV87930
                                                    Adv87930 Streptoco
45
       30
                    468 8 ADV79183
            88.2
                                                     Adv79183 Streptoco
```

```
RESULT 1
ADU51236
     ADU51236 standard; peptide; 6 AA.
XX
AC
     ADU51236;
XX
DT
     24-FEB-2005 (first entry)
XX
DE
     Gut silkworm fibroin peptide fragment 38.
XX
KW
     vulnerary; cell proliferation; wound healing; cell adhesion; cosmetics;
KW
     cell culture; fibroin.
XX
OS
     Bombycoidea.
XX
```

```
PN
     JP2004339189-A.
XX
PD
     02-DEC-2004.
XX
     04-DEC-2003; 2003JP-00406608.
PF
XX
PR
     28-FEB-2003; 2003JP-00055048.
XX
     (DOKU-) DOKURITSU GYOSEI HOJIN NOGYO SEIBUTSU SH.
PA
PΑ
     (TSUB/) TSUBOUCHI K.
XX
DR
     WPI; 2004-827614/82.
XX
PT
     New peptide having excellent cell growth promoting activity, for use as a
PT
     cell growth promoter, cell adhesion agent, wound healing-promoting agent,
PT
     cosmetic and cell culture base material.
XX
PS
     Example 3; Page; 27pp; Japanese.
XX
CC
     The invention relates to a novel peptide having excellent cell growth
CC
     promoting activity. The peptide of the invention demonstrates vulnerary
     activity and may be utilised as a cell growth promoter, cell adhesion
CC
CC
     agent, wound healing-promoting agent or cosmetic and cell culture base
CC
     material. The current sequence is that of a qut silkworm fibroin peptide
CC
     fragment of the invention which is described as being amorphous.
XX
SO
     Sequence 6 AA;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Score 34; DB 8; Length 6;
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 2e+06;
  Best Local Similarity
  Matches
           6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels
                                                                 0; Gaps
                                                                             0;
Qу
            1 DEYVDN 6
              Db
            1 DEYVDN 6
RESULT 4
ADK48385
ID
     ADK48385 standard; protein; 126 AA.
XX
AC
    ADK48385;
XX
DT
     20-MAY-2004 (first entry)
XX
DE
     Streptococcus pneumoniae protein, Seq ID No 4900.
XX
KW
    Antibacterial; Gene therapy; Vaccine; Streptococcus pneumoniae.
XX
OS
     Streptococcus pneumoniae.
XX
PΝ
    US6699703-B1.
XX
PD
    02-MAR-2004.
XX
PF
    26-MAY-2000; 2000US-00583110.
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XX
PR
     02-JUL-1997;
                   97US-0051553P.
     12-MAY-1998;
                   98US-0085131P.
PR
PR
     30-JUN-1998; 98US-00107433.
XX
PA
     (GENO-) GENOME THERAPEUTICS CORP.
XX
PΙ
     Doucette-Stamm L, Bush D, Zeng Q, Opperman T, Houseweart CE;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2004-212399/20.
     N-PSDB; ADK45724.
DR
XX
PT
     New nucleic acid molecules and polypeptides useful for diagnosing,
PT
     preventing and treating pathological conditions resulting from bacterial
PΤ
     infection, e.g. Streptococcus pneumoniae infection, and in drug
PΤ
     screening.
XX
PS
     Disclosure; SEQ ID NO 4900; 301pp; English.
XX
CC
     The invention relates to isolated Streptococcus pneumoniae nucleic acids
CC
     and polypeptides. The nucleic acids and proteins are useful for
CC
     diagnosing, preventing and treating pathological conditions resulting
CC
     from bacterial infection, such as S. pneumoniae infection. These may also
CC
     be used for drug screening procedures. The present sequence represents a
CC
     Streptococcus pneumoniae polypeptide of the invention. Note: The sequence
CC
     data for this patent did not appear in the printed specification but was
CC
     obtained in electronic format directly from USPTO at
CC
     segdata.uspto.gov/sequence.html.
XX
SO
     Sequence 126 AA;
  Query Match
                         100.0%; Score 34; DB 8; Length 126;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 45;
  Matches
          6; Conservative 0; Mismatches
                                                0; Indels 0; Gaps
                                                                            0;
           1 DEYVDN 6
Qу
              Db
          81 DEYVDN 86
Search completed: December 2, 2005, 09:38:25
Job time : 115.714 secs
                            GenCore version 5.1.6
                 Copyright (c) 1993 - 2005 Compugen Ltd.
OM protein - protein search, using sw model
Run on:
               December 2, 2005, 09:24:51; Search time 17.1429 Seconds
                                          (without alignments)
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28.936 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-789-494B-6

Perfect score: 34

Sequence: 1 DEYVDN 6

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched:

572060 seqs, 82675679 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 572060

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database : Issued_Patents_AA:*

ջ

1: /cgn2_6/ptodata/1/iaa/5_COMB.pep:*
2: /cgn2_6/ptodata/1/iaa/6_COMB.pep:*
3: /cgn2_6/ptodata/1/iaa/H_COMB.pep:*
4: /cgn2_6/ptodata/1/iaa/PCTUS_COMB.pep:*
5: /cgn2_6/ptodata/1/iaa/RE_COMB.pep:*
6: /cgn2_6/ptodata/1/iaa/backfiles1.pep:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB	ID	Description
1	34	100.0	126	2	US-09-583-110-4900	Sequence 4900, Ap
2	34	100.0	126	2	US-09-107-433-3513	Sequence 3513, Ap
3	34	.100.0	383	2	US-09-710-279-2426	Sequence 2426, Ap
4	34	100.0	384	2	US-09-134-001C-3437	Sequence 3437, Ap
5	31	91.2	354	2	US-08-970-264A-21	Sequence 21, Appl
6	31	91.2	713	1	US-08-849-212-4	Sequence 4, Appli
7	30	88.2	88	2	US-09-270-767-40244	Sequence 40244, A
8	30	88.2	88	2	US-09-270-767-55460	Sequence 55460, A
9	30	88.2	209	2	US-09-252-991A-20905	Sequence 20905, A
10	30	88.2	283	2	US-09-248-796A-19476	Sequence 19476, A
11	30	88.2	325	2	US-09-217-609A-2	Sequence 2, Appli
12	30	88.2	325	2	US-08-873-235B-2	Sequence 2, Appli
13	30	88.2	467	2	US-08-914-375C-57	Sequence 57, Appl
14	30	88.2	471	2	US-09-583-110-3861	Sequence 3861, Ap
15	30	88.2	471	2	US-09-107-433-4791	Sequence 4791, Ap
16	30	88.2	495	2	US-09-107-532A-5715	Sequence 5715, Ap
17	29	85.3	14	2	US-09-200-650E-23	Sequence 23, Appl
18	29	85.3	88	2	US-09-248-796A-21726	Sequence 21726, A
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; Patent No. 6699703
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
  APPLICANT: Lynn Doucette-Stamm et al.
   TITLE OF INVENTION: Nucleic Acid and Amino Acid Sequences Relating to
Streptococcus
  TITLE OF INVENTION:
                       Pneumoniae for Diagnostics and Therapeutics
  FILE REFERENCE: PATHOO-07A
   CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/583,110
   CURRENT FILING DATE: 2000-05-26
  PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 09/107,433
  PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-06-30
  PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/085,131
  PRIOR FILING DATE: 1998-05-12
  PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/051,553
  PRIOR FILING DATE: 1997-07-02
  NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 5322
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   TYPE: PRT
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Search completed: December 2, 2005, 09:33:51

Job time : 18.1429 secs

GenCore version 5.1.6

Copyright (c) 1993 - 2005 Compugen Ltd.

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: December 2, 2005, 09:28:17; Search time 94.2857 Seconds

(without alignments)

26.589 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-789-494B-6

Perfect score: 34

Sequence: 1 DEYVDN 6

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Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 1867569 seqs, 417829326 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 1867569

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

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5	34	100.0	148	4	US-10-424-599-274345	Sequence 274345,
6	34	100.0	383	5	US-10-470-048B-576	Sequence 576, App

7	34	100.0	384	4	IIC 10 704 0703 ECOC	Co	FC2C 7-
8	34	100.0	2368	4 3	US-10-724-972A-5636	_	5636, Ap
9	34	100.0		3	US-09-815-242-5635	_	5635, Ap
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43	30	88.2	963	5	US-10-732-923-10686	Sequence	
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US-10-789-494B-6

- ; Sequence 6, Application US/10789494B
- ; Publication No. US20050143296A1
- ; GENERAL INFORMATION:
- ; APPLICANT: TSUBOUCHI, Kozo
- ; APPLICANT: YAMADA, Hiromi
- ; TITLE OF INVENTION: EXTRACTION AND UTILIZATION OF CELL
- ; TITLE OF INVENTION: GROWTH-PROMOTING PEPTIDES FROM SILK PROTEIN
- ; FILE REFERENCE: OPS 635
- ; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/789,494B
- ; CURRENT FILING DATE: 2004-02-27
- ; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: JP 2003-55048

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; PRIOR FILING DATE: 2003-02-28
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; Sequence 3513, Application US/10617320
; Publication No. US20050136404A1
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        APPLICANT: Lynn A Doucette-Stamm and David Bush
        TITLE OF INVENTION: NUCLEIC ACID AND AMINO ACID
                           SEQUENCES RELATING TO STREPTOCOCCUS PNEUMONIAE
FOR DIAGNOSTICS AND
                           THERAPEUTICS
      NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 5206
       CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
             ADDRESSEE: GENOME THERAPEUTICS CORPORATION
             STREET: 100 Beaver Street
             CITY: Waltham
             STATE: Massachusetts
             COUNTRY: USA
             ZIP: 02354
       COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
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             OPERATING SYSTEM: <Unknown>
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             FILING DATE: 10-Jul-2003
        PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
             APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/107,433
             FILING DATE: 30-Jun-1998
             APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/ 085131
             FILING DATE: May 12, 1998
             APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/051553
             FILING DATE: July 2, 1997
        ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
             NAME: Ariniello, Pamela Deneke
             REGISTRATION NUMBER: 40,489
             REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: GTC-011
        TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
             TELEPHONE: (781)893-5007
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TELEFAX: (781)893-8277
    INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 3513:
         SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
              LENGTH: 126 amino acids
              TYPE: amino acid
              TOPOLOGY: linear
        MOLECULE TYPE: protein
        HYPOTHETICAL: YES
        ORIGINAL SOURCE:
              ORGANISM: Streptococcus pneumoniae
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              NAME/KEY: misc feature
              LOCATION: (B) LOCATION 1...126
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                 Copyright (c) 1993 - 2005 Compugen Ltd.
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Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

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4	28	82.4	344	7	US-11-083-800-10	Sequence 10, Appl
- 5	28	82.4	529	6	US-10-821-234-1520	Sequence 1520, Ap
6	28	82.4	1158	7	US-11-075-646-6	Sequence 6, Appli
7	28	82.4	1161	7	US-11-075-646-8	Sequence 8, Appli
8	27	79.4	341	6	US-10-793-626-226	Sequence 226, App
9	27	79.4	532	6	US-10-793-626-546	Sequence 546, App
10	27	79.4	586	6	US-10-131-826A-46	Sequence 46, Appl
11	27	79.4	835	6	US-10-501-039-4	Sequence 4, Appli
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14	25	73.5	20	6	US-10-981-873-5	Sequence 5, Appli
15	25	73.5	25	6	US-10-981-873-75	Sequence 75, Appl
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19	25	73.5	182	6	US-10-467-657-3898	Sequence 3898, Ap
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21	25	73.5	443	6	US-10-793-626 - 1598	Sequence 1598, Ap
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26	25	73.5	620	7	US-11-055-822-460	Sequence 460, App
27	25	73.5	620	7	US-11-055-822-702	Sequence 702, App
28	25	73.5	709	7	US-11-074-176-158	Sequence 158, App
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30	25	73.5	895	6	US-10-485-517-129	Sequence 129, App
31	25	73.5	1013	7	US-11-077-550-18	Sequence 18, Appl
32	24	70.6	70	6	US-10-467-657-9208	Sequence 9208, Ap
33	24	70.6	86	6	US-10-467-657-4536	Sequence 4536, Ap
34	24	70.6	229	6	US-10-793-626-1854	Sequence 1854, Ap
35	24	70.6	230	7	US-11-080-628-24	Sequence 24, Appl
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  TITLE OF INVENTION: STAPHYLOCOCCUS EPIDERMIDIS NUCLEIC ACIDS AND PROTEINS
  FILE REFERENCE: PU3480US
  CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/793,626
  CURRENT FILING DATE: 2004-03-04
; PRIOR APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/164,258
; PRIOR FILING DATE: 1999-11-09
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; APPLICANT: Walensky, Loren D.
  APPLICANT: Korsmeyer, Stanley J.
  APPLICANT: Verdine, Gregory
  TITLE OF INVENTION: STABILIZED ALPHA HELICAL PEPTIDES AND
  TITLE OF INVENTION: USES THEREOF
; FILE REFERENCE: 00530-124001
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; Publication No. US20050250680A1
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Walensky, Loren D.
  APPLICANT: Korsmeyer, Stanley J.
  APPLICANT: Verdine, Gregory
   TITLE OF INVENTION: STABILIZED ALPHA HELICAL PEPTIDES AND
  TITLE OF INVENTION: USES THEREOF
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  CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/10/981,873
  CURRENT FILING DATE: 2004-11-05
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Job time : 6.14286 secs

GenCore version 5.1.6

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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: December 2, 2005, 09:38:38; Search time 20.1429 Seconds

(without alignments)

28.660 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-789-494B-6

Perfect score: 34

Sequence: 1 DEYVDN 6

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Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 283416

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Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

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3: pir3:*

4: pir4:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

Result No.	Score	% Query Match	Length	DB	ID	Description
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9	31	91.2	454	2	G75105	hypothetical prote
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12	31	91.2	567	2	T33400	protein kinase C h
13	31	91.2	581	1	RGNVBV	trans-activating t
14	31	91.2	582	1	RGNVE2	trans-activating t
15	31	91.2	582	2	E72868	early gene transac
16	31	91.2	582	2	A49626	transregulatory pr
17	31	91.2	597	2	T33399	protein kinase C h
18	31	91.2	636	2	F72867	probable early gen
19	31	91.2	704	1	S60117	protein kinase C (
20	31	91.2	704	2	F86146	hypothetical prote
21	31	91.2	713	2	D85503	lysine decarboxyla
22	31	91.2	713	2	D90652	lysine decarboxyla
23	31	91.2	713	2	B64743	lysine decarboxyla
24	31	91.2	1244	2	T19068	hypothetical prote
25	30	88.2	340	2	T27389	hypothetical prote
26	30	88.2	353	1	WMNV49	40.9K protein - Au
27	30	88.2	353	2	C44221	orf3 protein - Aut
28	30	88.2	353	2	B72852	AcOrf-18 protein -
29	30	88.2	356	2	T41764	AcMNPV orf18 - Bom
30	30	88.2	428	2	T06464	protein kinase (EC
31	30	88.2	468	1	GLSOPL	6-phospho-beta-gal
32	30	88.2	468	2	D95137	6-phospho-beta-gal
33	30	88.2	468	2	D98005	6-phospho-beta-gal
34	30	88.2	477	2	T50551	1-aminocyclopropan
35	30	88.2	737	2	C84232	kinase anchor prot
36	30	88.2	1368	2	T18371	probable glutamate
37	29	85.3	105	2	T19842	hypothetical prote
38	29	85.3	142	2	A44777	profilin spCoell -
39	29	85.3	209	2	D59091	hypothetical prote
40	29	85.3	219	2	AG1940	hypothetical prote
41	29	85.3	250	2	A71268	probable tRNA (gua
42	29	85.3	261	2	T33624	hypothetical prote
43	29	85.3	263	2	E69445	conserved hypothet
44	29	85.3	313	2	T28312	ORF MSV151 probabl
45	29	85.3	354	2	T32246	hypothetical prote

RESULT 1

```
chromatinic RING finger DRING protein homolog PFB0440c - malaria parasite (Plasmodium falciparum)
C;Species: Plasmodium falciparum
C;Date: 13-Nov-1998 #sequence_revision 13-Nov-1998 #text_change 09-Jul-2004
C;Accession: F71614
R;Gardner, M.J.; Tettelin, H.; Carucci, D.J.; Cummings, L.M.; Aravind, L.;
Koonin, E.V.; Shallom, S.; Mason, T.; Yu, K.; Fujii, C.; Pederson, J.; Shen, K.;
Jing, J.; Aston, C.; Lai, Z.; Schwartz, D.C.; Pertea, M.; Salzberg, S.; Zhou,
L.; Sutton, G.G.; Clayton, R.; White, O.; Smith, H.O.; Fraser, C.M.; Adams,
M.D.; Venter, J.C.; Hoffman, S.L.
Science 282, 1126-1132, 1998
A;Title: Chromosome 2 sequence of the human malaria parasite Plasmodium falciparum.
```

A; Reference number: A71600; MUID: 99021743; PMID: 9804551

A; Accession: F71614

A; Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown

A; Molecule type: DNA A; Residues: 1-568 <GAR>

A; Cross-references: UNIPROT: 096182; UNIPARC: UPI000017B5F2; GB: AE001395; GB: AE001362; NID: g3845184; PIDN: AAC71877.1; PID: g3845185; TIGR: PFB0440c

A; Experimental source: clone 3D7

C; Genetics:

A; Gene: PFB0440c

F;210-260/Domain: RING finger homology <RRN>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 34; DB 2; Length 568;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 26;

Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 DEYVDN 6 |||||| Db 494 DEYVDN 499

Search completed: December 2, 2005, 09:57:12

Job time : 22.1429 secs

GenCore version 5.1.6

Copyright (c) 1993 - 2005 Compugen Ltd.

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: December 2, 2005, 09:24:01; Search time 125.143 Seconds

(without alignments)

33.827 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-789-494B-6

Perfect score: 34

Sequence: 1 DEYVDN 6

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 2166443 seqs, 705528306 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 2166443

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database : UniProt 05.80:*

1: uniprot_sprot:*
2: uniprot_trembl:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a

score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

		ે			50	
Result		Query				
No.	Score		Length	DB	ID	Description
1	34	100.0	30	2	Q9NBV8_ANTPE	Q9nbv8 antheraea p
2	34	100.0	215	2	Q51E07 ENTHI	Q51e07 entamoeba h
3	34	100.0	383	2	Q5HQ66 STAEQ	Q5hq66 staphylococ
4	34	100.0	383	2	Q8CT10_STAEP	Q8ct10 staphylococ
5	34	100.0	393	2	Q7SDH6_NEUCR	Q7sdh6 neurospora
6	34	100.0	587	2	O96182_PLAF7	096182 plasmodium
7	34	100.0	1294	2	Q7R6A6 GIALA	Q7r6a6 giardia lam
8	34	100.0	1338	2	Q81KP8_PLAF7	Q8ikp8 plasmodium
9	34	100.0	1629	2	Q9U0K9_PLAF7	Q9u0k9 plasmodium
10	34	100.0	2639	2	076786 ANTPE	076786 antheraea p
11	34	100.0	2655	2	Q964F4 ANTYA	Q964f4 antheraea y
12	33	97.1	84	2	Q5BSE3_SCHJA	Q5bse3 schistosoma
13	33	97.1	204	2	Q4HM18 CAMLA	Q4hm18 campylobact
14	33	97.1	209	2	Q4Y647 PLACH	Q4y647 plasmodium
15	33	97.1	218	2	Q9ZKH7 HELPJ	Q9zkh7 helicobacte
16	33	97.1	290	2	Q7MJF5 VIBVY	Q7mjf5 vibrio vuln
17	33	97.1	314	2	Q8V3H4 SWPV	Q8v3h4 swinepox vi
18	33	97.1	319	2	Q4ZBJ3_9VIRU	Q4zbj3 bacteriopha
19	33	97.1	326	2	Q4ZB44_9CAUD	Q4zb44 bacteriopha
20	33	97.1	326	2	Q4ZAW9_9CAUD	Q4zaw9 bacteriopha
21	33	97.1	358	2	Q5VJ17_AERHY	Q5vj17 aeromonas h
22	33	97.1	714	1	DCLY_SALTI	P0a1z1 salmonella
23	33	97.1	714	1	DCLY_SALTY	P0a1z0 salmonella
24	33	97.1	714	2	Q57LF2_SALCH	Q57lf2 salmonella
25	33	97.1	714	2	Q5PIH8_SALPA	Q5pih8 salmonella
26	33	97.1	859	2	Q675L4_PICAB	Q67514 picea abies
27	33	97.1	965	2	Q4YTG1_PLABE	Q4ytg1 plasmodium
28	33	97.1	967	2	077305_PLABE	077305 plasmodium
29	33	97.1	967	2	Q8WP96_PLABE	Q8wp96 plasmodium
30	33	97.1	999	2	Q7RP55_PLAYO	Q7rp55 plasmodium
31	33	97.1	1000	2	Q4I585_GIBZE	Q4i585 gibberella
32	33	97.1	1245	2	Q9U0H6_PLAF7	Q9u0h6 plasmodium
33	33	97.1	1360	2	Q55BM1_DICDI	Q55bml dictyosteli
34	33	97.1	1677	2	Q54N52_DICDI	Q54n52 dictyosteli
35	33	97.1	1869	2	Q4YUJ6_PLABE	Q4yuj6 plasmodium
36	33	97.1	5174	2	Q7RTB6_PLAYO	Q7rtb6 plasmodium
37	33	97.1	5251	2	Q8IID4_PLAF7	Q8iid4 plasmodium
38	31	91.2	83	2	Q50V28_ENTHI	Q50v28 entamoeba h
39	31	91.2	133	2	Q50T06_ENTHI	Q50t06 entamoeba h
40	31	91.2	153	2	Q25232_LUCCU	Q25232 lucilia cup
41	31	91.2	172	2	Q9SR34_ARATH	Q9sr34 arabidopsis
42	31	91.2	202	2	Q529E9_MAGGR	Q529e9 magnaporthe
43	31	91.2	205	2	Q4I9V2_GIBZE	Q4i9v2 gibberella
44	31	91.2	263	2	Q8VRR5_9DELT	Q8vrr5 desulfohalo
45	31	91.2	264	2	Q5ZQS6_9DELT	Q5zqs6 desulfohalo

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RESULT 1
Q9NBV8 ANTPE
     Q9NBV8 ANTPE PRELIMINARY;
ΙD
                                     PRT;
                                             30 AA.
AC
     01-OCT-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 15, Created)
DT
DT
     01-OCT-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 15, Last sequence update)
DT
     01-OCT-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 15, Last annotation update)
DΕ
     Fibroin (Fragment).
OS
     Antheraea pernyi (Chinese oak silk moth).
     Eukaryota; Metazoa; Arthropoda; Hexapoda; Insecta; Pterygota;
OC
OC
     Neoptera; Endopterygota; Lepidoptera; Glossata; Ditrysia; Bombycoidea;
OC
     Saturniidae; Saturniinae; Saturniini; Antheraea.
OX
     NCBI TaxID=7119;
RN
     [1]
RP
     NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RA
     Li W., Fan Q., An L.;
     "Characterization of 5' flanking region for fibroin gene of Chinese
RT
RT
     Oak Silkworm, Antheraea pernyi.";
RL
     Submitted (JUN-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
DR
     EMBL; AF242774; AAF78030.1; -; Genomic DNA.
FT
     NON TER
                  30
                         30
SQ
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  Query Match
                          100.0%; Score 34; DB 2; Length 30;
  Best Local Similarity
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  Matches
             6; Conservative 0; Mismatches
                                                  0; Indels
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                                                                              0;
Qу
            1 DEYVDN 6
              111111
Db
           25 DEYVDN 30
RESULT 2
Q51E07 ENTHI
     Q51E07 ENTHI PRELIMINARY;
                                    PRT;
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AC
     Q51E07;
DΤ
     13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, Created)
DT
     13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, Last sequence update)
DT
     13-SEP-2005 (TrEMBLrel. 31, Last annotation update)
DΕ
     Hypothetical protein.
GN
     ORFNames=12.t00024;
OS
     Entamoeba histolytica HM-1:IMSS.
OC
     Eukaryota; Entamoebidae; Entamoeba.
OX
     NCBI TaxID=294381;
RN
     [1]
RP
     NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.
RC
     STRAIN=HM-1: IMSS;
RX
     PubMed=15729342; DOI=10.1038/nature03291;
     Loftus B., Anderson I., Davies R., Alsmark U.C., Samuelson J.,
RA
     Amedeo P., Roncaglia P., Berriman M., Hirt R.P., Mann B.J., Nozaki T.,
RA
     Suh B., Pop M., Duchene M., Ackers J., Tannich E., Leippe M.,
RA
RA
     Hofer M., Bruchhaus I., Willhoeft U., Bhattacharya A.,
RA
     Chillingworth T., Churcher C., Hance Z., Harris B., Harris D.,
     Jagels K., Moule S., Mungall K., Ormond D., Squares R., Whitehead S.,
RA
RA
     Quail M.A., Rabbinowitsch E., Norbertczak H., Price C., Wang Z.,
RA
    Guillen N., Gilchrist C., Stroup S.E., Bhattacharya S., Lohia A.,
```

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Foster P.G., Sicheritz-Ponten T., Weber C., Singh U., Mukherjee C.,
RA
RA
     El-Sayed N.M., Petri W.A., Clark C.G., Embley T.M., Barrell B.,
RA
     Fraser C.M., Hall N.;
RT
     "The genome of the protist parasite Entamoeba histolytica.";
RL
     Nature 433:865-868(2005).
CC
     -!- CAUTION: The sequence shown here is derived from an
CC
        EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ whole genome shotgun (WGS) entry which is
CC
        preliminary data.
DR
     EMBL; AAFB01000063; EAL51083.1; -; Genomic DNA.
KW
     Hypothetical protein.
               215 AA; 25532 MW; 51F7F0A900DB894B CRC64;
SO
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                         100.0%; Score 34; DB 2; Length 215;
 Best Local Similarity
                         100.0%; Pred. No. 64;
 Matches
           6; Conservative 0; Mismatches
                                                0; Indels
                                                               0; Gaps
                                                                           0;
Qу
           1 DEYVDN 6
              Db
          40 DEYVDN 45
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Search completed: December 2, 2005, 09:33:11

Job time : 128.143 secs